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WINDSTONE COLONY
BUILDER GUIDELINES
for
SECTIONS ONE AND TWO
(Reserves A & E)

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I. INTRODUCTION

Windstone Colony is a residential development of Windstone Development, Ltd. The objective of these builder guidelines is to achieve quality and uniformity in building construction and to address certain items and areas which are common to residential construction within Windstone Colony and over which Windstone Development, Ltd. will exert strict control.

Intent of Guidelines

The Builder Guidelines are intended for the use of the various builders in Windstone Colony and the design professionals they employ. They are aimed at providing an attractive, coordinated physical environment both during and after construction. Design diversity is encouraged in order to create a pleasing street scene and to provide a separation of product line. However, certain standards have been adopted for key elements to provide continuity throughout the project.

The Builder Guidelines contain the construction and development standards adopted by the Windstone Development, Ltd. Architectural Review Committee (A.R.C.) but do not necessarily represent all of the restrictions which may be imposed on a specific lot or parcel of land. Prior to commencing design of a project, the property deed, the recorded subdivision plat and the "Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions" should be referred to. In addition, Windstone Colony is located within the extraterritorial jurisdiction (ETJ) of the City of Houston and is, therefore, subject to Houston's development ordinance and any other ordinance which Houston may, by law, extend outside its corporate limits. In addition, builders must comply with any other governmental agency (i.e., MUD, EPA) having applicable jurisdiction.

Windstone Colony is located in Harris County, Texas, and must adhere to any and all development regulations, including road paving and construction standards. In addition, Harris County should be contacted regarding plan approval and permit procedures.

Although State law does not presently permit the establishment of building codes within unincorporated areas, it is the intent that construction within Windstone Colony be of the highest quality. As a minimum, builders will be required to warrant compliance with the Southern Building Code.

The builder shall develop and maintain individual lots in a manner prescribed by the Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions, recorded plats/replats, rules and regulations of the Windstone Colony Community Association, Inc. and by these builders guidelines and standards. Compliance with building setback lines, lot layouts, driveways, sidewalks, garages, wiring requirements, etc. are required of the builder/owner. Ties to utilities are the responsibility of the builder.

II. NEIGHBORHOOD PLANNING ELEMENTS

Residential development within Windstone Colony is encouraged to produce "street scenes" that are visually unique in characteristics and reflect the feeling of a community. Creating a "street scene" requires builders to coordinate their architectural designs and landscaping styles in a manner that promotes street and neighborhood individuality while maintaining a level of continuity. The purpose of this section is to identify those elements that will influence the overall neighborhood appearance.

The builder shall be responsible for individual site development and maintenance including the area within the public street right-of-way (between the back of the street curb and property lines). The builder of corner lots shall be responsible for the right-of-way for both streets.

Living Areas

In order to enhance the distinction between single-family housing in each neighborhood, the following living area requirements must be adhered to unless otherwise approved by the A.R.C. These living area requirements establish the maximum and minimum requirements set forth in the Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions for each section and may be modified by the A.R.C.

The square footage is to be calculated as the total living area of any single-family residence exclusive of open porches and garages.

<u>Windstone Colony, Section 1 (Reserve A)</u>	
Minimum living area, single story	1400 sq. ft.
Minimum living area, two-story	1600 sq. ft.
Maximum living area	2850 sq. ft.

<u>Windstone Colony, Section 2 (Reserve E)</u>	
Minimum living area, single story	1600 sq. ft.
Minimum living area, two-story	1700 sq. ft.
Maximum living area	3100 sq. ft.

Site Massing and Exterior Elevations

- * If possible, corner lots in single-family residential villages are to be single story residences, or the single story portion of a double story residence is to be placed nearest the corner. Where a single story occurs next to a double story residence, the common single story elements should be adjacent to each other. Whenever possible, all single story residences should include some variation of the ridge line.

Housing Plan and Elevation Repetition

The following three scenarios represents Windstone Colony guidelines for determining when a plan and elevation can be repeated within a subdivision.

- * When building the same plan, different elevation, on the same side of the street, three (3) lots must be skipped (see Illustration II-1).

- * When building the same plan, different elevation, on both sides of the street, two (2) full lots must be skipped (see Illustration II-1).
- * When building the same plan, same elevation, on the same side of the street or on both sides of the street, four (4) full lots must be skipped (see Illustration II-1).

Building Setback Lines

Minimum building setback lines are established by the City of Houston's Development Ordinance and are reflected on the recorded subdivision plat. The deed restrictions and the final plat should be referred to in determining the appropriate setback line for a specific building site. If there is a discrepancy between these two documents, the document specifying the greater setback lines of the two shall apply. Encroachment upon the aforementioned setback lines with residential structures and garages is prohibited. The A.R.C. may, in special cases, grant variances to building lines NOT specifically illustrated on the recorded plat. A variance may be allowed only if it can be demonstrated by the designers of a particular house that the variance will allow a significant positive contribution to the house design or, more importantly, to the site design of the community as a whole. Typical setback lines for residential lots are as follows:

- * 20 foot front yard setback lines on typical lots in Section 1;
- * 25 foot front yard setback lines on typical lots in Section 2;
- * 20 foot front yard setback lines on typical cul-de-sac lots;
- * 5 foot side yard setback lines on typical lots;
- * 10 foot side yard setback lines for side yard that is adjacent to a public street r.o.w. on typical corner lots;
- * Detached garages, where allowed, have a three (3) foot side yard building setback line;
- * 15 foot rear building setback line (except for detached garages).

Pools, spas, decks and walkways, located in the rear yard, are not considered building encroachments to the side setback lines. However, a planted landscaped area (of a minimum three feet in width) must be maintained between the fence line and the aforementioned structures.

Prior to the placement of any forms, builder should review the most recently recorded plat or replat for the specific lot to verify all setback requirements.

Garage Placement

- * When a lot sides onto a neighborhood entry street, driveways and garages are to be placed near the property line farthest from the entry street.
- * Lots that back onto or have a side exposed to a greenbelt may have detached garages positioned on either side of the lot.

- * On corner lots, detached and attached garages may not face the side street and must be placed on the opposite lot side from the side street.
- * See Illustration II-2 for all typical garage placements.

Utility Easements

- * All single-family residential lots contain a utility easement for the distribution of electrical, telephone, gas and cable television service. Utility easements are typically located along the rear lot line, although, selected lots may contain a side lot utility easement for the purpose of completing circuits or distribution systems. Both the recorded subdivision plat and the individual lot survey should be consulted to determine the size and location of utility easements on a specified lot.
- * Generally, interior lots contain a seven (7) foot wide utility easement along the rear lot line. Perimeter lots or lots that back up to drainage facilities, pipeline easements, property boundaries and non-residential tracts typically contain a fourteen (14) foot wide utility easement. Encroachment of structures upon the utility easement is prohibited.

III. SITE MAINTENANCE DURING CONSTRUCTION

Each lot in Windstone Colony shall be maintained in a neat, clean and orderly condition by the builder during construction. The builder shall place a minimum of one (1) wire basket large enough for trash and construction debris containment within the boundaries of the lot on which the house is being constructed. Such debris must be removed from each lot as often as necessary to maintain attractiveness of the construction site. Construction debris, including excess concrete, may not be burned, dumped or disposed of in any area of the development unless a specific location for such a purpose is approved in writing by the A.R.C. Guidelines developed by the Houston Clean Builder Program are available upon request from Clean Houston.

Sediment Control

In order to maintain clean streets and prevent siltation of storm sewers and drainage channels, all builders in Windstone Colony are required to practice sediment control during construction. As soon as earthwork commences which destroys the natural vegetative cover on any portion of a building tract, one of three basic sediment control methods shall be installed in such a way as to filter all storm water runoff from the tract into the public street. The sediment control system shall remain in place and in good repair until construction and landscaping is complete. If A.R.C. determines that a builder has not maintained his sediment or drainage course, the builder will be assessed the cost of clean up.

Builders may choose any of the following sediment control methods:

- * Standard rectangular bales of hay, firm bound, may be placed as described below and behind the curb of the street, along the entire frontage of the lot. Bales shall be placed in a continuous r.o.w., with ends tightly abutting the adjacent bales. Vehicular access to the construction area should be limited to designated entries, where gaps may be created by offsetting and overlapping r.o.w.s in such a way as to intercept the storm water sheet flow. Each bale shall be embedded in the soil a minimum of four (4) inches. Bales shall be securely anchored in place by stakes or rebars driven through the bales. The first stake in each bale shall be angled toward the previously laid bale to force the bales together (see Illustration III-1). Daily inspection should be made the contractor. Repair or replacement shall be made promptly as needed;
- * Temporary sediment fencing may be constructed on the site out of wire mesh and burlap (see Illustration III-1), or a commercially manufactured fencing product (such as Enviro Fence) may be used. Whichever fencing material is selected, it shall be securely anchored below the surface elevation of the ground so that any storm water sheet flow must pass through the fence material or be trapped behind it; and,
- * A continuous strip of solid grass sod, three (3) feet in width, may be planted behind the curb and along the sides of driveways (if existing). Also, side yard swales should be fully sodded to accommodate sheet flow drainage from the rear lot area.

Protection of Existing Trees and Development

Trees existing on individual building sites should be evaluated carefully to determine their

desirability and suitability to the proposed design. No trees measuring six (6) inches in caliper at a point six (6) inches above ground level may be removed without prior approval of the A.R.C. unless located within an approved building site, driveway or walk. The A.R.C. has the authority to require that houses, driveways and garages be staked out and that such setting be approved before any tree cutting is done or any construction site work is begun. Trees that are selected to be preserved on building sites, must be adequately protected from damage during construction. Work done in esplanades or landscape reserves (to connect utilities, etc.) must protect existing plantings, berms, etc. Existing adjacent developments must be protected during construction by erecting a temporary fence along or parallel to the property line. Builders will be responsible for the repair and/or replacement of trees, plants, sidewalks, lights, etc., damaged during construction.

Trees must be protected as follows:

- * A tree protection fence shall be erected around all trees as far from the trunks as possible ideally, at the dripline of the tree. The tree protection fencing is to be constructed prior to the beginning of any construction including clearing and grubbing;
- * Care should be taken when working in the vicinity of trees in order to prevent damage to trunks, branches, or foliage. No nails, bolts, ropes or guy wires shall be attached to any trees;
- * No materials or equipment of any sort may enter or be stored within the fenced protection area, or dripline of the tree;
- * Potentially toxic materials such as solvents, paints, gasoline, etc., shall not be poured on the ground near the dripline of the trees;
- * Protection fences shall not be removed without approval of the A.R.C.; and,
- * Trenching or boring near protected trees should be avoided if at all possible. When necessary, care should be taken to avoid damaging the tree's root system by hand trenching.

Temporary Buildings

- * Temporary buildings are permitted for use only during construction of permanent buildings, streets, utilities and driveways. The temporary buildings may be used only for construction offices, security offices, storage of tools and equipment and toilets. The location, design and general appearance of all temporary buildings must be approved by A.R.C.. All temporary buildings must be placed a minimum of 25 feet off of the street r.o.w.; no temporary building may be located in a landscape setback. Temporary buildings must have access from hard paved or temporary gravel driveways.

IV. LOT ELEMENTS

Grading and Drainage

- * In general, each lot shall be graded so that storm water will drain from the rear property line through the side yard and front yard to the abutting street and not across adjacent lots. Minimum grade shall be 1.0 percent (see Illustration IV-1). Exceptions will be made in those instances where existing topography dictates an alternate lot grading plan. The A.R.C. must approve all exceptions.

Lot Coverage

- * Total coverage of residential lots including dwelling, garage, driveway, walks and other structures shall not exceed 60 percent of the total lot area. Pools, spas and decks are not considered structures for the purpose of calculating the lot coverage.

Driveways

The lot builder is required to build driveways into the street right-of-way. All driveway locations must be approved by the A.R.C. To the extent possible, driveways are to be de-emphasized, highlighting instead the landscape and pedestrian environment.

- * Concrete driveways are to be a minimum four (4) inches thick over a sand base. A #6, six (6) inch by six (6) inch woven wire mesh shall be installed within the "drive-in" portion of the driveway between the curb and sidewalk. County specifications regarding driveway cuts and curb returns at driveway openings shall be adhered to.
- * Driveways may be paved with concrete or unit masonry although use of materials should be consistent with the architectural character of the entire neighborhood. The use of stamped or colored concrete, interlocking pavers, brick pavers and brick borders are encouraged, but must be approved by the A.R.C. Asphalt paving is prohibited.
- * Driveways should not be constructed over inlets or man holes. In instances where this is unavoidable, compliance with county regulations, which may require inlet adjustment and/or upgrade, will be necessary.
- * Driveways shall be located no closer than two (2) feet from the side property line.
- * Driveways serving residences with attached side or rear loaded garages and/or detached garages shall be 12 feet in width (see Illustration II-2).
- * Driveways serving attached two car garages facing the street shall be 16 feet in width (see Illustration II-2).
- * Driveway slopes should be uniform with smooth transitions between areas of varying pitch.
- * The use of circular drives is prohibited and exceptions will only be allowed by the A.R.C. in instances where the width of the lot is sufficient to accommodate such driveways while leaving a significant amount of green space. Under no

circumstance may an entire front yard be paved as a driveway.

Sidewalks

Sidewalks are required along both sides of local residential streets within Windstone Colony and are to be constructed by the lot builder in accordance with the specifications shown in Illustration IV-2.

- * Locations of sidewalks are not to be varied except where required to avoid existing trees.
- * Where sidewalks cross driveways with decorative paving, the standard sidewalk design does not have to be carried through the driveway.
- * Where sidewalks deviate from a straight line, gentle radii, instead of abrupt curves and angles, shall be utilized.
- * Manholes and valve boxes located within sidewalks shall be flush with the concrete paving. Adjustment of heights may be required.

Walkways

Walkways should be a complimentary component of the site architecture and should not compete visually with the house and/or landscape.

- * A walkway at least three (3) feet in width and no more than five (5) feet in width shall be provided from the front door of the residence to the street curb or the driveway.
- * Walkways shall be constructed with unit masonry, quarried stone or concrete. The use of alternate materials shall require the approval of the A.R.C. Asphalt walkways are prohibited.
- * In those instances where a walkway parallels the front, side or rear elevation of a house, a planting area (a minimum two (2) feet in width) must be maintained between the house and walkway. In such cases, the planting area shall be planted with an appropriate ground cover.
- * Meandering walks, fountains and statuary within the walk and front yard require A.R.C. approval.
- * Sidewalks shall not be visually or physically broken by crossing walkways.
- * Steps at elevation changes are required on walkway slopes exceeding 4.0 percent.

Pools, Decks and Other Structures

Swimming pools, spas, decks, and other ancillary structures are restricted to the rear yard and must adhere to the following guidelines.

- * Pool decks may extend beyond the established side setback lines so long as an adequate area (minimum 3 feet) for landscaping and fencing remains between the deck and the property line.
- * Portable or permanent above ground swimming pools are prohibited. Smaller, prefabricated, installed above ground spas or hot tubs are acceptable.
- * Swimming pools, spas and accompanying decks and equipment must be screened from public view, including public streets and other common areas.
- * All other structures including gazebos, storage buildings, playhouses, decks greenhouses, trellises, etc. must be approved by the A.R.C. and may require screening from public view.
- * Swimming pool appurtenances, such as rock waterfalls and sliding boards, must not exceed six (6) feet in height.
- * Pool structures that enclose the swimming pool area are discouraged and must receive approval from A.R.C.
- * All pools and spas must have security fencing and locking gates and must be constructed in compliance with all applicable regulatory specifications.
- * All pools and spas, with a site and landscaping plan, must be approved in writing by the A.R.C. prior to construction.

Lot Fencing

The builder shall be responsible for installing a fence along the rear and side property lines of each residence, except where specifically stated otherwise, in conformance with the standards adopted for each lot type.

The following represents minimum fencing requirements. To insure compatibility of fence design throughout Windstone Colony, all fences visible from the public street that depart from the guidelines must be approved by the A.R.C.

- * Fence sides visible to the public must be the "finished" side.
- * A maximum fence height of 6'-0" is allowed, unless specifically approved in writing by the A.R.C. for an individual application.
- * Fencing on slopes is to be staggered or stair-stepped down the slopes. The tops of these fences are to be level with the horizon. Height levels should be changed at normal column spacing. Fences running parallel to the slope are not acceptable.
- * One single sided hinged gate shall be installed in the most appropriate side yard (see Illustration IV-3).

- * Side yard fences should be setback from the front elevation of the house a minimum of 10 feet and be coordinated to avoid offsets with the fencing on the adjacent lots.
- * All pickets are to be attached with eight (8) penny screw shank nails.

The following information represents the fencing standards for the different lot types found within Windstone Colony.

Typical Interior Lot

- * Typical interior lots require wood fences of six (6) feet in height to be constructed with quality (no used fencing) treated cedar and treated pine in accordance with the specifications (see Illustration IV-4).
- * Wood fences shall be installed with alternating seven (7) foot panels and exposed rails along common interior lot lines to provide a uniform, attractive fence to each abutting property.

Typical Corner Lot

- * The fencing located on the exterior lot side (lot side abutting the public street) must be an upgraded wood fence with a trim cap (see Illustration IV-5). The trim cap shall consist of treated cedar two (2) inches by six (6) inches. Trim cap joints are to be mitered at 45 degrees.
- * The upgraded wood fence must be located five (5) feet from the street r.o.w. line and constructed from the rear lot line parallel to the public street to a point located a maximum of 15 feet past the rear elevation of the house (see Illustration IV-6).
- * Additional fencing for corner lots abutting a public street shall be constructed in accordance with the aforementioned fencing criteria for typical interior lots.

Corner Lots at Neighborhood Entrances

- * The fencing located on the exterior lot side (lot side abutting the landscape easement) shall be the adopted upgraded wood fence with a trim cap (see Illustration IV-5). The trim cap shall be treated cedar two (2) inches by six (6) inches. Trim cap joints are to be mitered at 45 degrees.
- * The upgraded wood fence must be constructed from the rear lot line adjacent to the landscape reserve to a point located a maximum 15 feet past the rear elevation of the house.
- * Additional fencing for corner lots at neighborhood entrances abutting a landscape easement shall be constructed in accordance with the aforementioned fencing criteria for typical interior lots.
- * In certain locations, the A.R.C. may, at its discretion, require brick columns to be incorporated into the six (6) foot upgraded wood fence (see Illustration IV-7).

Greenbelt Lot Fencing

- * The exterior lot side of lots abutting a greenbelt shall be constructed with a six (6) foot high upgraded wood fence with a trim cap (see Illustration IV-5). The trim cap shall be treated cedar two (2) inches by six (6) inches. Trim cap joints are to be mitered at 45 degrees.
- * Where lots side onto a greenbelt, the upgraded wood fence must be constructed along the common property line between the greenbelt and such lots from the rear property line to a point 10 feet behind the front elevation of the house (see Illustration IV-8).
- * Additional fencing for lots abutting a greenbelt shall be constructed in accordance with the aforementioned criteria for typical interior lots.
- * The placement of fence gates within fences along the greenbelts is prohibited.
- * In certain locations, the A.R.C. may, at its discretion, require brick columns to be incorporated into the six (6) foot upgraded wood fence (see Illustration IV-7).

Perimeter Walls

Developer will provide a six (6) foot wood upgrade fence with or without brick columns along the rear or side property line where residential lots back or side to the perimeter of the project. At sideyard fence junctions, builder may not affix or attach sideyard fencing to the perimeter fence. Where side lot or other type wood fencing terminates into the perimeter wall, minimal space should exist between the two posts for the different fence types. The intent is to create a neat, well constructed terminus for the builder fence.

Outdoor Lighting

All outdoor lighting must conform to the following standards and be approved by the A.R.C.

- * Floodlighting fixtures shall be attached to the house or an architectural extension. Floodlighting shall not illuminate areas beyond the limits of the property line.
- * Ornamental or accent lighting is allowed but should be used in moderation and compliment the associated architectural elements.
- * Mercury vapor security lights, when the fixture is visible from public view or from other lots, is prohibited. Mercury vapor lights, when used for special landscape lighting affect (such as affixed to trees as up and down lights) is permissible.

Screening

- * Mechanical and electrical devices, garbage containers and other similar objects visible from a public street or common area, or located on property boundaries, must be screened from view by either fences, walls, plantings, or a combination thereof. Screening with plants is to be accomplished with initial installation, not assumed growth at maturity.

Landscaping

The builder is responsible for landscaping all areas on his property and the portion of the street right-of-way between the property line and the street curb. Plantings other than groundcovers and low growing ornamentals between the street curb and the paved sidewalk is discouraged in order to preserve adequate sight lines for motorists. Automatic irrigation systems for all residential lots is encouraged, but not required. Installation of all landscaping must occur immediately upon occupancy of the house or within 30 days after completion of construction, whichever occurs first. Installation of landscaping, including materials and workmanship, must be in conformance with acceptable industry standards.

The following landscaping standards are applicable to all typical lots. Planting materials for larger and/or oversized lots should be increased proportionally in plant size and quantity.

Lots 49' in Width and Less

* Minimum planting bed specifications include:

- a. Minimum planting bed width is four (4) feet from the house foundation. Curvilinear planting beds are encouraged.
- b. Shrubs are to be planted in a pleasing, organized design. Shrubs shall include a minimum of 12 larger shrubs (minimum five (5) gallon), 15 smaller shrubs (minimum one (1) gallon) and two (2) 15-gallon specimens.
- c. The number and variety of plants utilized shall be appropriate for the size of the planting bed. A maximum of five (5) different species of planting may be utilized within a front yard.

Lots 50' to 64' in Width

* Minimum planting bed specifications include:

- a. Minimum planting bed width is five (5) feet from the house foundation. Curvilinear planting beds are encouraged.
- b. Shrubs are to be planted in a pleasing, organized design. Shrubs shall include a minimum of 16 larger shrubs (minimum five (5) gallon), 20 smaller shrubs (minimum one (1) gallon) and two (2) 15-gallon specimens.
- c. The number and variety of plants utilized shall be appropriate for the size of the planting bed. A maximum of six (6) different species of planting may be utilized within a front yard.

Lots 65' in Width and Over

* Minimum planting bed specifications include:

- a. Minimum planting bed width is five (5) feet from the house foundation. Curvilinear planting beds are encouraged.
- b. Shrubs are to be planted in a pleasing, organized design. Shrubs shall include a minimum of 20 larger shrubs (minimum five (5) gallon), 25 smaller shrubs (minimum one (1) gallon) and two (2) 15 gallon specimens.

c. The number and variety of plants utilized shall be appropriate for the size of the planting bed. A maximum of seven (7) different species of planting may be utilized within a front yard.

- * Isolated tree planting is not permitted between the sidewalk and street.
- * Planting bed edging is not required, but is encouraged for maintenance purposes and to define the shape of planting beds. Loose brick, plastic, concrete scallop, corrugated aluminum, wire wicket, vertical timbers, railroad ties, etc., are not in character with the desired landscape effect and are prohibited. Acceptable edging materials are ryerson steel and horizontal timber (2 inches by 4 inches, 2 inches by 6 inches, 4 inches by 4 inches, and 4 inches by 6 inches).
- * All planting beds are to be mulched with shredded pine bark.
- * The use of gravel or rock in front yard planting beds is prohibited, except as a border when set in and laid horizontally as quarried or utilized for drainage purposes. Specimen boulders are permitted.
- * The front lawn of each completed residence shall be completely sodded with St. Augustine grass. Seeding and/or sprigging is prohibited.
- * Tree requirements are as follows:

<u>Lot Width</u>	<u>Trees Required</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Caliper</u>	<u>Height</u>
49' or less	1	1 Hardwood	4"	12'
50' – 64'	2	1 Hardwood 1 Ornamental	4" N/A	12'
65' and over	3	2 Hardwoods 1 Ornamental	4" N/A	14'

- * Use of hardwoods preferred, however, some pines can be introduced into planting. The accepted planting ratio is to be 2/3 hardwood and 1/3 pines.
- * Tree stakes must be made out of wood, two (2) inches in diameter by six (6) feet long.
- * After completion of landscaping, builder shall see that the landscaping is maintained in a healthy and attractive appearance until the lot is sold to an owner/occupant. At that time builder shall use his best efforts to notify owner/occupant of the necessity to comply with all landscaping requirements under the landscape guidelines. Proper maintenance includes:
 - a. Adequate watering;
 - b. Appropriate fertilization;
 - c. Pruning;
 - d. Mowing;
 - e. Weed control in lawns and planting beds;
 - f. Seasonal mulching of planting beds;
 - g. Insect and disease control;

- h. Replacement of diseased or dead plant materials; and,
- i. Warranty of all planting materials.

Corner Lots

Supplemental landscaping specifications for all corner lots include the following:

- * The side yard of each completed residence shall be completely sodded with St. Augustine grass. Seeding, and/or sprigging is prohibited.
- * One additional hardwood tree in front/side yard.
- * Three (3) ornamental trees in 15 gallon containers are to be planted along the side street portion of corner lots. The trees are to be planted beginning at a point 10 feet from the rear property line or driveway, if applicable, on fifteen (15) foot centers, equidistant between the sidewalk and fence along the side yard (see Illustration IV-9). The trees shall not extend beyond the front elevation of the house.

Greenbelt Lots

Supplemental landscaping specifications for all greenbelt lots include the following:

- * One tree, minimum four (4) inch caliper when measured six (6) inches above the ground, must be planted in the rear yard of all lots abutting a greenbelt. The tree should be planted on the greenbelt side of the lot no further than 20 feet from the property line abutting the greenbelt.
- * Use of hardwoods preferred, however, some pines can be introduced into planting. The accepted planting ratio is to be 2/3 hardwood and 1/3 pines.

Master Plant List

A residential lot master plant list to be used by builders is provided in the appendix for assistance in selecting species for landscaping lawns and landscape easements. The plants listed are generally suitable to conditions in the Houston area. However, in selecting plants from this list, careful consideration should be given to their cultural requirements as compared to the particular conditions they must endure in a given location. Any soil, water, or other tests necessary to determine the existing conditions on a particular site are the responsibility of the individual tract developer.

V. HOUSING

It is the intent of this section to establish basic criteria for the construction of residences within Windstone Colony. Emphasis is on quality in material, design and construction in order to promote well-crafted homes.

Texas law does not presently permit the establishment of building codes in unincorporated areas. It is the intention, however, that all building construction in Windstone Colony be of the highest quality; as a minimum, builders are required to warrant compliance with the Southern Building Code.

Foundations

- * Prior to foundation construction, an area soils test should be undertaken to ensure foundation quality.
- * Prior to foundation construction, a form survey should be undertaken to ensure that building setback lines will not be violated.
- * All foundation plans must be signed and sealed by a Texas Registered Professional Engineer. Minimum slab elevations are determined by and should be coordinated with the appropriate county agency.

Exterior Materials

Single-family residences within Windstone Colony must be, at a minimum, comprised of at least 51.0 percent masonry products exclusive of windows, doors and other building openings. Changes in materials should have a logical relationship to the changes in the form of the house.

Exterior lots are defined as those lots that back or side to the following roadways: Keith Harrow Blvd., Windstone Drive, Wind Sand Drive and Wind Mark Drive. All other lots are classified as interior.

Interior Lots

- * One story product – Shall be 100% masonry on three sides
- * Two story product – Shall be 100% masonry front elevation; 50% masonry on two sides

Exterior Lots

- * One story product – Shall be 100% masonry
- * Two story product – Shall be 100% masonry (unless precluded by Southern Building Code)

Samples of all exterior building materials must be submitted to the A.R.C. for approval. Exterior building materials for single-family residences within Windstone Colony must comply with the following standards and/or guidelines.

Masonry

- * **Stone**
The use of any type of stone on the exterior of a residence must be approved by The A.R.C. to ensure architectural compatibility within the neighborhood.
- * **Brick**
Brick used on residences in Windstone Colony shall meet standard specifications established by the Brick Institute of America. These standards are found in the Selected Standards For Brick compiled by the American Society for Testing and Materials under designation C216-87.
- * **Mortar Joints**
All mortar joints shall be tooled; "slump" joints will not be allowed. Mortar color shall be selected to complement stone or brick color.

Hardi Plank

- * Hardi plank must be used for all siding product or in conjunction with masonry. Only hardiplank will be acceptable for such use.
- * Wood siding is prohibited.
- * Vinyl siding is prohibited.
- * **Trim**
All wood trim shall be smooth, high quality finish-grade stock and must be stained or painted as approved by A.R.C. If a stain is used, a wood sealant must be utilized. Naturally weathered wood is prohibited.

Stucco

- * Stucco may be used as an exterior wall finish, provided its detailing is consistent with the style of the architecture. Stucco must be uniform in color with all other exterior housing materials.

Metal

- * Exposed metals shall be anodized aluminum, bronzer, copper or painted galvanized steel.

Synthetic Materials

- * Synthetic materials such as metal siding masonite and vinyl siding may only be used with the approval of A.R.C.

Privacy Walls

- * Privacy walls must match dwelling unit materials and shall be no more than 8 feet in height. All privacy walls must have A.R.C. approval.

Window Treatment

- * Metal windows must be used and the finish shall compliment the color and architectural style of the house.
- * No reflective glass or glazing will be allowed on any front or side facade, or on any facade which is visible from a public street, golf course or common area.
- * The use of wrought iron ornamentation on the exterior of any window is prohibited without the prior approval of A.R.C.

Roof Treatment

Materials

- * Roofing materials used on all homes shall be as a minimum PRESTIQUE II of a black or brown color range.
- * Wood shingles are strictly prohibited.

Form

- * Gabled and hipped roofs of varying pitch throughout the residence is preferred. The minimum allowance of roof pitch shall be four (4) in 12, except where a deck is called for.

Chimneys

- * All fireplace chimneys located on the exterior portion of a dwelling unit shall be constructed of brick or stone. Prefabricated metal fireplaces and metal flues may be used but their chimneys must be masonry clad to present the appearance of traditional masonry chimneys.
- * Fireplace chimneys located in the interior portion of a dwelling unit must be constructed of materials that match dwelling unit in style and color and that meet or exceed the chimney standards set forth in the Southern Building Code.

Exposed Roof Metal

- * All exposed metal roof accessories, stack vents, roof flashing, attic ventilators, etc. shall match roofing material color. All stack vents and attic ventilators shall be located on the rear slopes of roofs and mounted perpendicular to the ground plate.

Skylights and Solar Collectors

- * The location and design of all skylights and solar collectors shall be approved by the A.R.C. No solar collectors shall be allowed on any roof slope visible from a public street.

Rain Gutters and Drains

- * The installation of rain gutters and drains is required on all roof sections where runoff occurs affecting pedestrian entrances and walkways. Rain gutters and

drains shall be integrated with the architectural design in color, shape and location. Drain pipes tied into the rain gutter downspouts must be screened from public view either by suitable material or by planted shrubs or ground cover. The use of a splash pad or hidden drain pipe is required.

- * Where gutters are not used, positive drainage away from the structure should be provided.

Garages

- * Garages cannot exceed the residential lots main dwelling in height nor stories.
- * A detached garage, if allowed, must be connected to the residence by a breezeway or covered walk.
- * Carports (porte cochere) constructed of the same building materials and as an integral part of the residence is acceptable. All other carports are prohibited.
- * Garages, at a minimum, must be able to accommodate the storage of two (2) full size automobiles at the same time, and, at a maximum, accommodate the storage of three (3) full size automobiles at the same time. Extension in the length of a garage to permit additional storage space is permitted.
- * All garage doors should be of metal design and colored to complement the adjacent wall.
- * Designs incorporating side or rear entry garages are encouraged to break up the monotony of multiple garage doors facing the street.
- * Windows with shutters or blinds may be required on the facade of a side or rear loaded attached garages to enhance the front elevation of the residence and the street scene.
- * Garage doors containing windows are prohibited.
- * Automatic garage or manual garage door openers must be installed on all garage doors.

Exterior Lighting Fixtures

- * All exterior lighting fixtures visible from a public street or common area must have the approval of the A.R.C. and should complement the architectural features of the residence.

Exterior Color Schemes

- * All exterior colors must be submitted to and approved by the A.R.C. The palette of exterior colors for each residence shall be selected to complement, coordinate or harmonize with the colors of building materials which are used in their natural state, such as brick, stone, copper, etc. The use of pastel colors or primary colors is strongly discouraged and may be used only by special approval of the

A.R.C. Paints or stains should be limited to three (3) complimentary colors per residence.

Mechanical Equipment

- * All air conditioning compressors, power and meter boxes and pool equipment shall be completely screened from public view. Screening may consist of architectural or planting elements as approved by A.R.C.

Maintenance

- * Each residence shall be maintained in a neat, clean, orderly condition by the builder prior to and after the sale of such residence. Periodic repairs shall be made to correct any condition which suggest visual deterioration of a residence.

VI. MODEL HOME PARKS/SALES CENTERS

Model home parks and sales centers should be representative of the type of neighborhood environment the builder/developer hopes to achieve. The project image is established by the way in which the model homes and sales office are handled. The following items should be considered when establishing a model home park and/or sales office.

Location

The location of all proposed model home parks and/or sales centers must be approved by the A.R.C. Proposed sites will be reviewed on an individual case by case basis and, therefore, no specific criteria will be developed.

Models

- * The architectural controls and design guidelines established for all residences in Windstone Colony shall be maintained in model homes to ensure compliance when the models are eventually sold. Temporary exceptions related to nonstandard driveways, sidewalks, lighting, flags and flagpoles, or other marketing techniques will be considered by the A.R.C. on an individual basis.
- * Freestanding sales offices must be of permanent type construction and comply with these design guidelines. The use of temporary structures or portable buildings is prohibited, except in the interim time period preceding the completion of a permanent sales office. The relocation of temporary sales offices is subject to the approval of the A.R.C.

Site Improvements

- * Sidewalks do not necessarily need to be placed two feet inside the r.o.w., perpendicular to the property line, but can meander between the units.
- * Planters, flower pots, benches and other small decorations can provide a sense of scale and "lived in" appearance. The use of annual flowers is encouraged.
- * It is expected that landscape planting should exceed minimum requirements for other lots. Plants are to be selected from the plant list in the landscape section of this booklet
- * If planting beds are extended from one lot to another to create a park-like atmosphere, care is to be taken to not block drainage down side lot lines.

Parking

- * If possible, adequate off-street parking should be provided to accommodate prospective buyers and sales personnel. Traffic generated by model home parks and sales offices should not interfere or conflict with the traffic of the surrounding neighborhood(s). Available off street parking adds to the convenience of prospective buyers and improves the streetscape in front of the model homes.

VII. SIGNAGE**Model Home Park Signage**

- * Signage for model home parks shall be approved by the Declarant, and shall conform to the city of Houston Sign Ordinance and any variance shall not be unreasonably withheld.
- * See Illustration VII-1 for Windstone Colony logo and logo type.

Builder / Lot Signage

- * One standard builder lot sign per lot may be used following approval by the Declarant and any variance shall not be unreasonably withheld.
- * Sign face may include builder's name and/or logo or trademark. Colors and graphics shall be submitted to A.R.C. for approval.
- * Any sign that has not been approved and constructed in accordance with the specified regulations may be removed by the A.R.C. without liability.

VIII. SUBMISSION AND APPROVAL

General

The official submittal of plans and specifications to the Architectural Review committee is to provide a review process for conformance to guidelines and standards adopted by the A.R.C. A clear direct statement as to acceptability of construction plans is to be made within the review time period. The end result is to impart a visual character and a sense of community through controlled architecture.

All new construction, subsequent construction, remodeling with exterior exposure, expansion, and demolition of structures must be reviewed and approved by the A.R.C. prior to commencement of any on-site building or construction activity. The approval process can be facilitated if complete and high quality submittal documentation is provided to the A.R.C. The A.R.C. reserves the right to alter the review process in order to ensure an adequate review of all submissions while accommodating the needs of builders and property owners.

The design for residences must be approved in writing by the A.R.C. before construction of a residence can begin. The A.R.C. is committed to a high level of design quality in Windstone Colony by reviewing residential design and plotting submissions and working with our builders to achieve this goal.

Submittals shall be sent to the attention of the Architectural Review Committee, in care of:

John R. Deboen
Windstone Development
5005 Riverway, Suite 150
Houston, TX 77056

Requirements

Initial Review

The builder is required to submit complete and accurate design and construction documents for examination by the A.R.C. Submittals are to be made in two phases prior to the construction of or any exterior improvement upon any residential lot or parcel

Minimum submittal requirements for each phase are as follows (additional information is encouraged):

Phase I

1. Plan Submittal Form (see enclosed)
 - a. Production (Initial Review)
2. Schematic site plan including:
 - a. Site plan including location of trees greater than 8" in diameter
 - b. Building setbacks, easements and r.o.w. identification (survey)
 - c. Utility service locations
 - d. Siting of improvements/fencing

3. Preliminary plans including:
 - a. Floor plans @ ¼ in. = 1'-0" minimum scale
 - b. Exterior elevations ¼ in. = 1' - 0" minimum scale
 - c. Outline specifications describing all materials to be used on the project

Phase II

1. Construction documents and specifications including:
 - a. Final architectural plans of drawings listed under Phase I above.
 - b. -Site plan at appropriate scale
 - c. Final specifications
 - d. Submittals of material samples
 - e. Foundation designed and sealed by the Registered Professional Engineer
 - f. Landscape planting plan

Each submittal shall consist of one (1) set of blueline prints and supplementary specifications. Only complete sets will be reviewed.

On-Going Review

The builder is required to submit complete and accurate design and construction documents for examination by the A.R.C.

Minimum submittal requirements for each phase are as follows (additional information is encouraged):

1. Plan Submittal Form (see enclosed)
 - a. Production
2. Schematic site plan including:
 - a. Site plan including location of trees greater than 8" in diameter
 - b. Building setbacks, easements and r.o.w. identification (survey)
 - c. Utility service locations
 - d. Siting of improvements/fencing
3. Construction documents and specifications for variations from standard
 - a. Floor plans @ ¼ in. = 1' minimum scale
 - b. Exterior elevations ¼ in. = 1' minimum scale
 - c. Final specifications
 - d. Submittal of material samples
 - e. Foundation designed and scaled by a professional engineer

The builder or his agent has complete responsibility for compliance with all governing codes and ordinances.

For builders that repeat floor plans, a submittal of each floor plan is not required for every house provided the floor plan has received A.R.C. approval. The builder should reference the plan number and provide a site plan, exterior elevation, specifications and other items particular to the site not previously approved as outlined above.

A.R.C. Approval Time Lines

The Architectural Review Committee shall review and approve, in writing, each submittal or recommend revisions to those aspects of the plans that are inconsistent with the builder guidelines. The review and approval process shall not exceed the following time constraints:

Initial ReviewPhase I

Plan Submittal Form

Schematic Site Plan

Preliminary Building Development Plans 15 Days

Phase II

Construction Documents 15 Days

On-Going Review

Plan Submittal Form

Schematic site plan

Construction documents 7 Days
(if applicable)

These shortened time frames (as compared to the Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions) are being made available to the builders for initial construction and may be revoked.

Construction shall proceed only after approval of the final set of drawings and specifications. Changes that occur during actual construction that differ from approved drawings will require alterations at the builder's expense to restore compliance with approved drawings. No drawings are considered approved unless they are approved in writing by the A.R.C.

IX. PROJECT INFORMATION

Developer and Project Management:
Windstone Development, Ltd.
5005 Riverway, Suite 150
Houston, TX 77056

Engineer:
Sherrington, Inc.
11210 Steeplecrest Drive, Suite 207
Houston, TX 77065

Land Planner:
Kerry R. Gilbert & Associates, Inc.
15810 Park Ten Place, Suite 160
Houston, TX 77084

Landscape Architect:
Robert E. Forsythe
2230 Shadowdale
Houston, TX 77043

X. APPENDIX

XI. ILLUSTRATIONS

RESIDENTIAL LOT MASTER PLANT LIST - A1

TREES

<u>Botanical Name</u>	<u>Common Name</u>
<i>Acer rubrum</i>	Red Maple
<i>Betula nigra</i>	River Birch
<i>Carya illinoensis</i> & vars.	Pecan
<i>Cercis canadensis</i> & vars.	Redbud
<i>Crataegus marshallii</i>	Parsley Leaf Hawthorn
<i>Crataegus spathulata</i>	Little Hip Hawthorn
<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i> vars.	Green Ash
<i>Ilex decidua</i>	Possumhaw
<i>Ilex opaca</i> & vars.	American Holly
<i>Ilex vomitoria</i>	Yaupon Holly
<i>Koelreuteria bipinnata</i>	Goldenrain Tree
<i>Lagerstroemia indica</i> vars.	Crape myrtle
<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i> & vars.	Sweetgum
<i>Ligustrum japonicum</i> (tree form)	Wax Leaf Ligustrum
<i>Magnolia grandiflora</i> & vars.	Southern Magnolia
<i>Magnolia soulangiana</i> & vars.	Saucer Magnolia
<i>Magnolia virginiana</i>	Sweet Bay Magnolia
<i>Myrica cerifera</i>	Southern Bayberry
<i>Parkinsonia aculeata</i>	Retama
<i>Platanus occidentalis</i>	Sycamore
<i>Prunus caroliniana</i>	Cherry Laurel
<i>Pyrus calleryana</i> & vars.	Callery Pear
<i>Quercus falcata</i> & vars.	Southern Red Oak
<i>Quercus nigra</i>	Water Oak
<i>Quercus nuttallii</i>	Nuttall Oak
<i>Quercus phellos</i>	Willow Oak
<i>Quercus shumardi</i>	Shumard Oak
<i>Quercus texana</i>	Texas Red Oak
<i>Quercus virginiana</i>	Live Oak
<i>Sapium sebiferum</i>	Chinese Tallow
<i>Taxodium distichum</i>	Bald Cypress
<i>Ulmus crassifolia</i>	Evergreen Elm

SHRUBS

<u>Botanical Name</u>	<u>Common Name</u>
<i>Berberis thunbergii</i> "Crimson Pygmy"	Crimson Pygmy
Barberry	
<i>Buxus microphylla japonica</i>	Japanese Boxwood
<i>Camellia sasanqua</i> vars.	Sasanqua Camellia
<i>Chamaerops humilis</i>	Mediterranean Fan
Palm	
<i>Cleyera japonica</i>	Japanese Cleyera
<i>Cycas revoluta</i>	King Sago Palm

Elaeagnus pungens vars.
 Eriobotrya x "Coppertone"
 Fatsia japonica
 Feijoa sellowiana
 Gardenia jasminoides "Radicans"
 Ilex cornuta vars.
 Ilex dedidua
 Ilex vomitoria & vars.
 Juniperus spp. & vars.
 Lagerstroemia indica (dwarf vars.)
 Ligustrum japonicum & vars.
 Ligustrum sinense "Variegatum"
 Mahonia bealei
 Michelia figo
 Myrica cerifera
 Nandina domestica & vars.
 Nandina domestica "Compacta"
 Nerium oleander (hardy vars.)
 Photinia Fraseri
 Pittosporum tobira & vars.
 Pyracantha spp. & vars.
 Raphiolepis indica vars.
 Rododendrom (Azalea) spp. & vars.
 Viburnum japonicum
 Viburnum odoratissimum
 Viburnum suspensum
 Viburnum tinus & vars.
 Xylosma congestum
 Yucca spp. & vars.

Elaeagnus
 Coppertone Loquat
 Fatsia
 Pineapple Guava
 Dwarf Gardenia
 Chinese Holly
 Possumhaw
 Yaupon Holly
 Juniper
 Dwarf Crapemyrtle
 Wax Leaf Ligustrum
 Variegated Privet
 Leatherleaf Mahonia
 Banana Shrub
 Southern Bayberry
 Nandina
 Compact Nandina
 Oleander
 Fraser's Photinia
 Pittosporum
 Pyracantha
 Indian Hawthorn
 Azalea
 Japanese Viburnum
 Sweet Viburnum
 Sandankwa Viburnum
 Laurustinus Viburnum
 Shiny Xylosma
 Yucca

GROUNDCOVERS

Botanical Name

Ajuga reptans & vars.
 Asparagus sprengeri
 Berberis thunbergii "Crimson Pygmy"
 Barberry
 Cyrtomium falcatum
 Gardenia jasminoides "Radicans"
 Hedera canariensis & vars.
 Hedera helix & vars.
 Juniperus spp. & vars.
 Liriope muscari & vars.
 Lonicera japonica chinensis
 Honeysuckle
 Lonicera japonica "Halliana"
 Nandina domestica "Harbour Dwarf"
 Ophiopogon japonicus
 Ophiopogon japonicus "Nanus"
 Pyracantha "Red Elf"
 Pyracantha "Ruby Mound"

Common Name

Ajuga
 Sprenger Asparagus
 Crimson Pygmy
 Holly Fern
 Dwarf Gardenia
 Algerian Ivy
 English Ivy
 Juniper
 Liriope
 Purple Japanese
 Hall's Honeysuckle
 Harbour Dwarf Nandina
 Monkey Grass
 Dwarf Monkey Grass
 Red Elf Pyracantha
 Ruby Mound

Pyracantha
 Trachelospermum asiaticum & vars.
 Trachelospermum jasminoides & vars.

Japanese Star Jasmine
 Confederate Jasmine

GRASS

Botanical Name

Cynodon dactylon
 Cynodon hybrids
 Festuca arundinacea
 Lolium multiflorum
 Stenotaphrum sercundatum & hybrids

Common Name

Common Bermuda
 Hybrid Bermuda
 Tall Fescue Ky-31
 Annual Rye Grass
 St. Augustine Grass

VINES

Botanical Name

Bigonia capreolata
 Clematis dioscoreifolia
 Campsis radicans
 Cytostoma callistegioides
 Ficus pumila
 Gelsemium sempervirens
 Lonicera japonica chinensis
 Honeysuckle
 Lonicera japonica "Halliana"
 Lonicera sempervirens & vars.
 Millettia reticulata
 Rosa banksiae
 Rose
 Wisteria sinensis

Common Name

Crossvine
 Sweet Autumn Clematis
 Trumpet Creeper
 Lavender Trumpet Vine
 Climbing Fig Vine
 Carolina Jassamine
 Purple Japanese
 Hall's Honeysuckle
 Trumpet Honeysuckle
 Evergreen Wisteria
 Yellow Lady Banks'

Chinese Wisteria

PERENNIALS

Botanical Name

Aster frikarti
 Chrysanthemum maximums vars.
 Coreopsis spp. & vars.
 Cyrtomium falcatum
 Fern spp.
 Gerbera jamesonii vars.
 Hymenocallis spp.
 Hemerocallis vars.
 Iris vars.
 Tulbaghia violacia

Common Name

Frikarti Aster
 Shasta Daisy
 Coreopsis
 Holly Fern
 Fern
 Gerbera Daisy
 Basketflower
 Daylily
 Louisiana Iris
 Society Garlic

ANNUALS**Spring Planting**
(March/April)

Geraniums
Lantana montevidensis vars.
Periwinkle
Petunia (last only through May)
Purslane
Scarletta bogonia
Marigolds
Portulaca

Fall Planting
(October/November)

Calendula
Pansy
Snapdragons
Dainthus
Mums



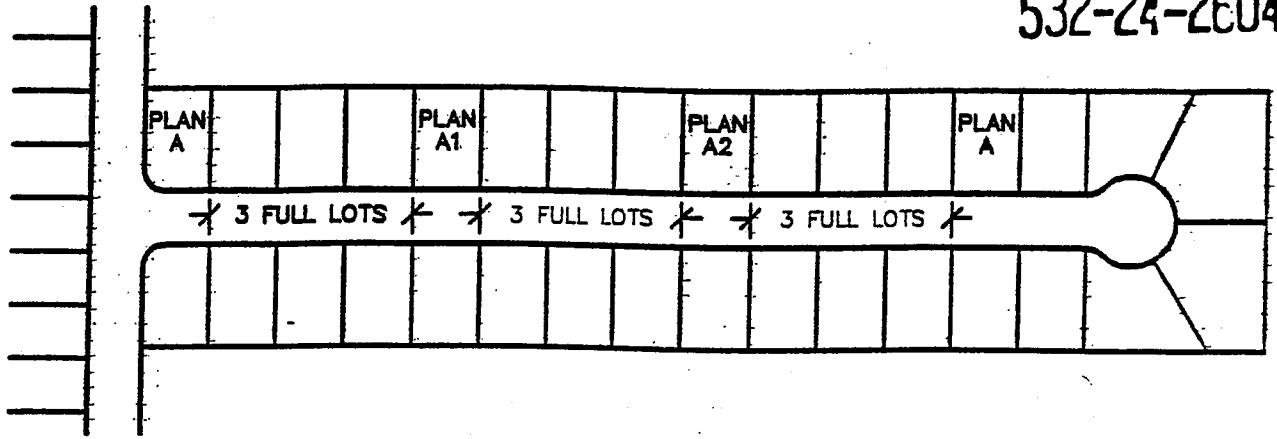
60' GAS PIPELINE EASEMENT

NOTE: FOR ILLUSTRATION PURPOSES ONLY.
REFER TO CONSTRUCTION PLANS FOR
COMPLETE DETAILS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

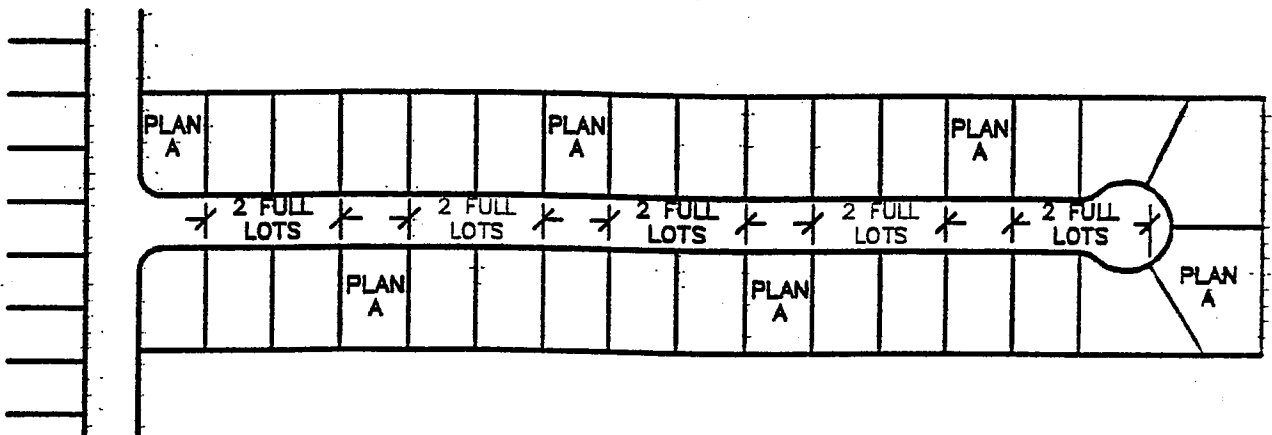
WINDSTONE COLONY SECTION ONE, RESERVE A

1 SAME PLAN, DIFFERENT ELEVATION, SAME SIDE

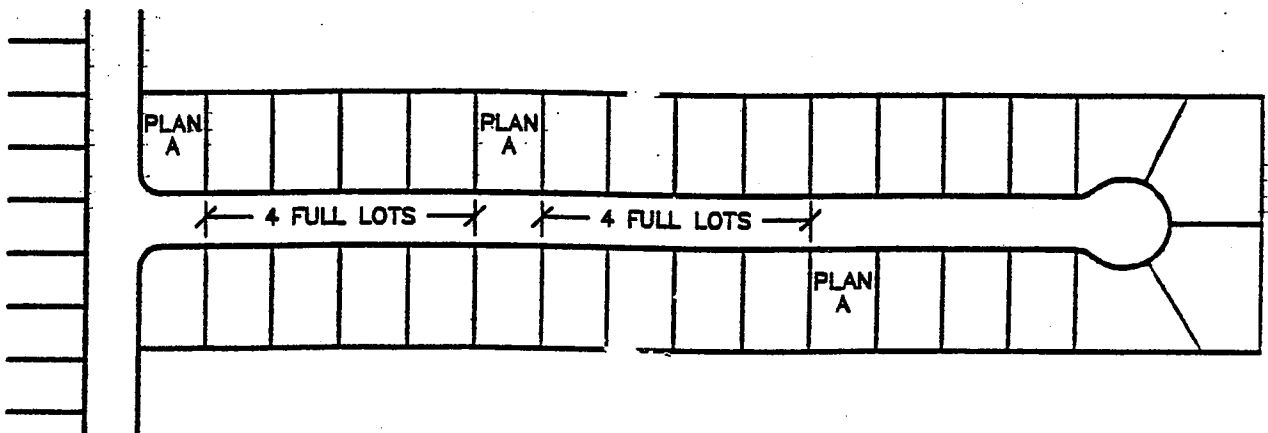
532-24-2604



2 SAME PLAN, DIFFERENT ELEVATION, OPPOSITE SIDE



3 SAME PLAN, SAME ELEVATION, SAME OR OPPOSITE SIDE

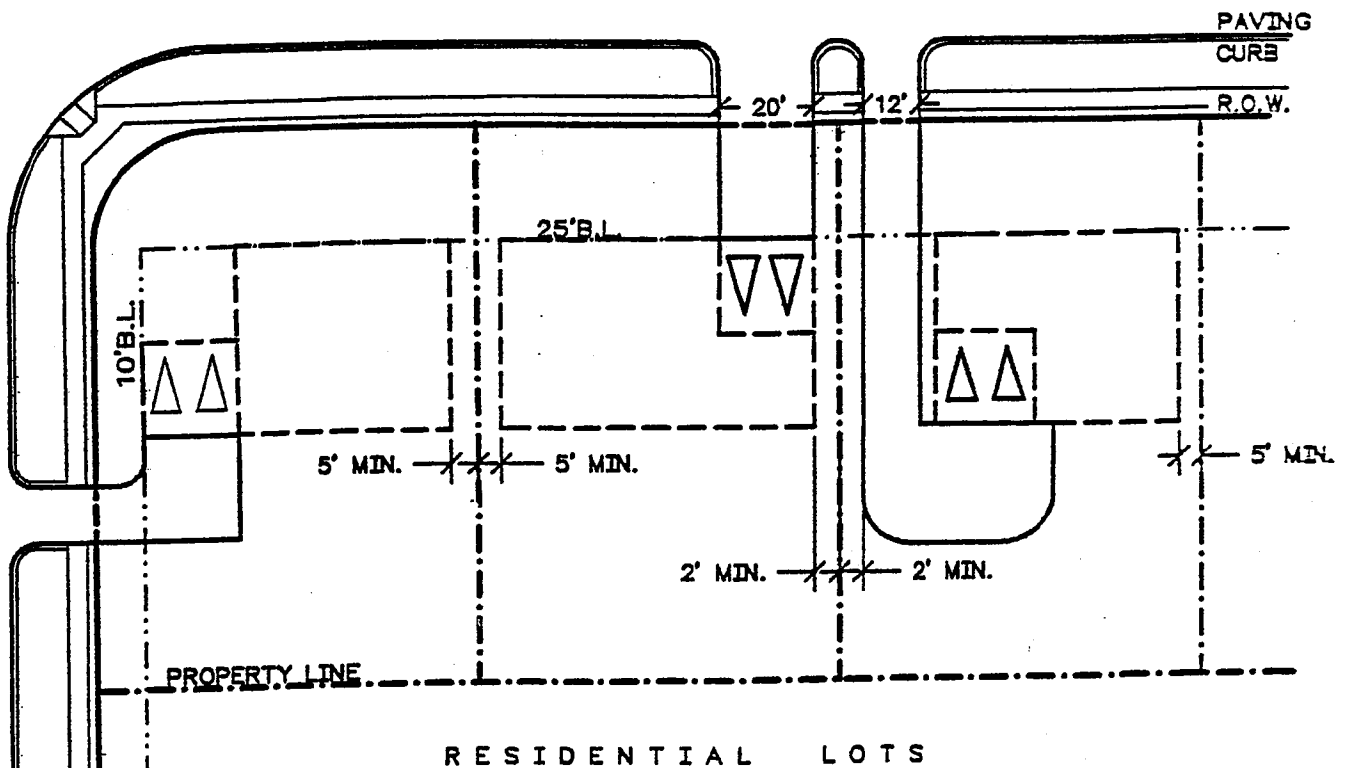
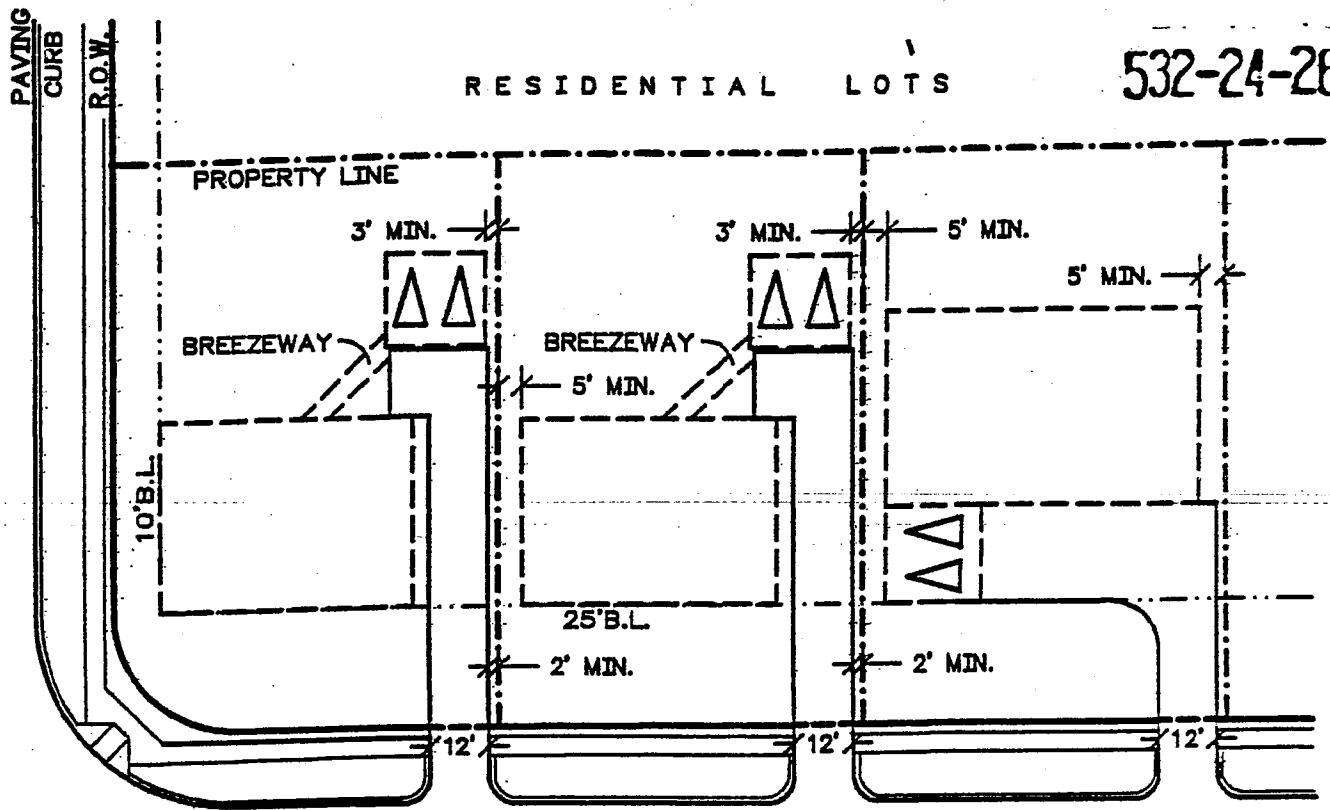


**NOTE FOR ILLUSTRATION PURPOSES ONLY.
REFER TO CONSTRUCTION PLANS FOR
COMPLETE DETAILS AND SPECIFICATIONS.**

**HOUSING PLAN AND
ELEVATION REPETITION**

ILLUSTRATION II-1

RESIDENTIAL LOTS

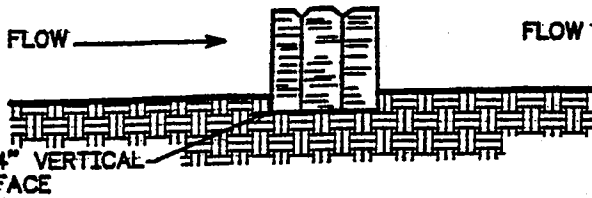


RESIDENTIAL LOTS

NOTE FOR ILLUSTRATION PURPOSES ONLY.
REFER TO CONSTRUCTION PLANS FOR
COMPLETE DETAILS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

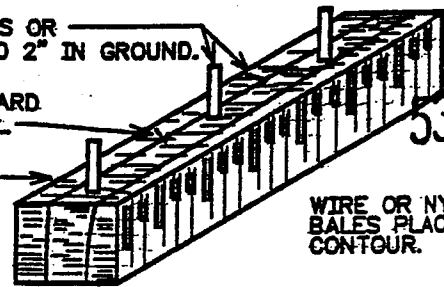
**GARAGE AND
DRIVEWAY PLACEMENT**

EMBEDDING DETAIL



2 REBARS; STEEL PICKETS OR 2"x2" STAKES 1 1/2" TO 2" IN GROUND.

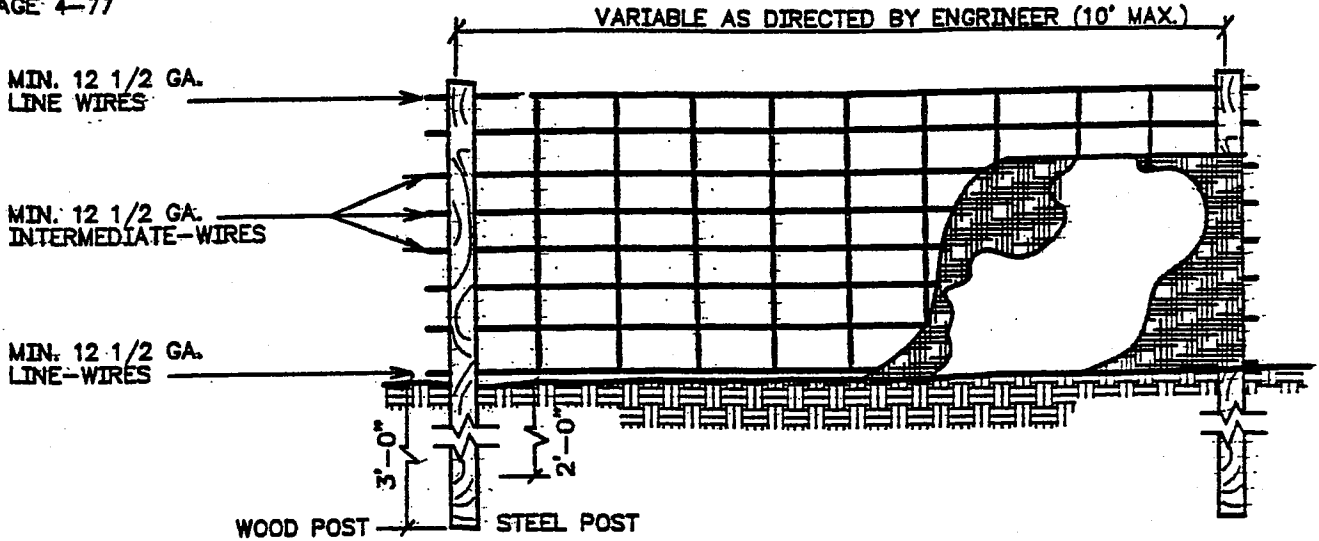
ANGLE FIRST STAKE TOWARD PREVIOUSLY LAID BAIL.



532-24-2606

WIRE OR NYLON BOUND BALES PLACED ON THE CONTOUR.

SOURCE:
EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL GUIDELINES FOR DEVELOPING AREAS IN TEXAS, U.S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE FIG. 4-B, PAGE 4-77



SOURCE:
 CITY OF GREENVILLE, N.C.
MANUAL OF STANDARD DESIGNS AND DETAILS
 STD. NO. 20.05

GENERAL NOTES:

FENCE FABRIC SHALL BE MINIMUM 32" WIDTH AND SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF 6 LINE WIRES WITH 12" STAY SPACING.

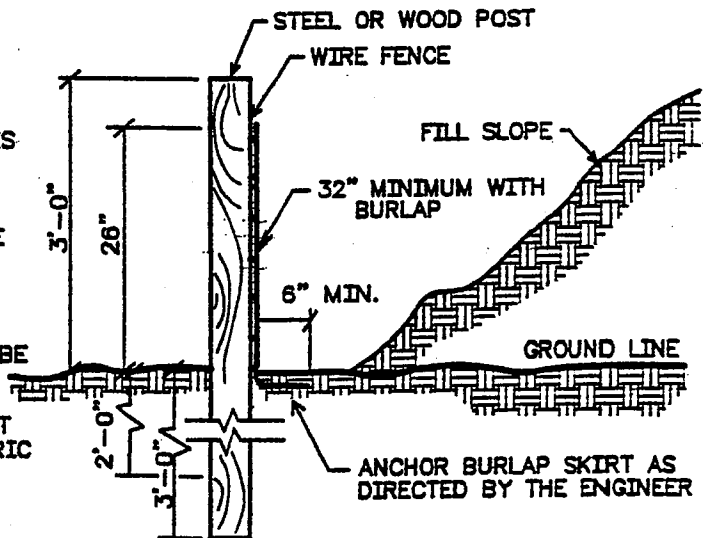
BURLAP SHALL BE 7-1/2 oz. WEIGHT AND A MINIMUM OF 32" IN WIDTH. BURLAP SHALL BE FASTENED ADEQUATELY TO THE FABRIC AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. MIRAFT 140 OR EQUIVALENT MAY ALSO BE USED.

STEEL POST SHALL BE 5'-0" IN HEIGHT AND BE OF THE SELF-FASTENER ANGLE STEEL TYPE.

WOOD POST SHALL BE 6 TO 7 FEET IN HEIGHT AND 3 TO 4 INCHES IN DIAMETER. WIRE FABRIC

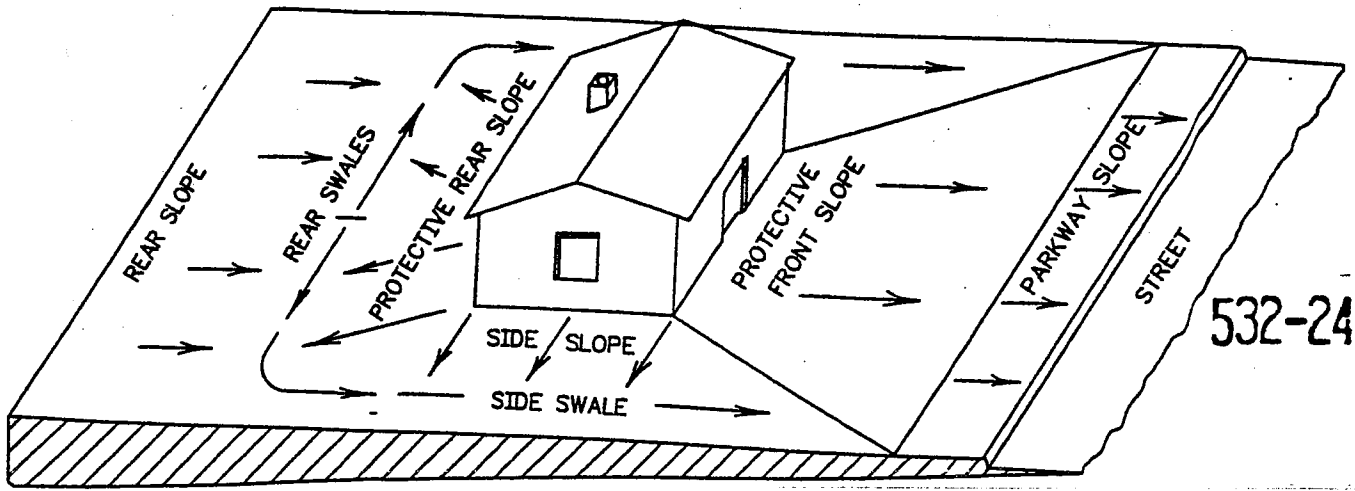
SOURCE:
 CITY OF GREENVILLE, N.C.
MANUAL OF STANDARD DESIGNS AND DETAILS
 STD. NO. 20.05

NOTE FOR ILLUSTRATION PURPOSES ONLY. REFER TO CONSTRUCTION PLANS FOR COMPLETE DETAILS AND SPECIFICATIONS.



TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL

ILLUSTRATION III-1

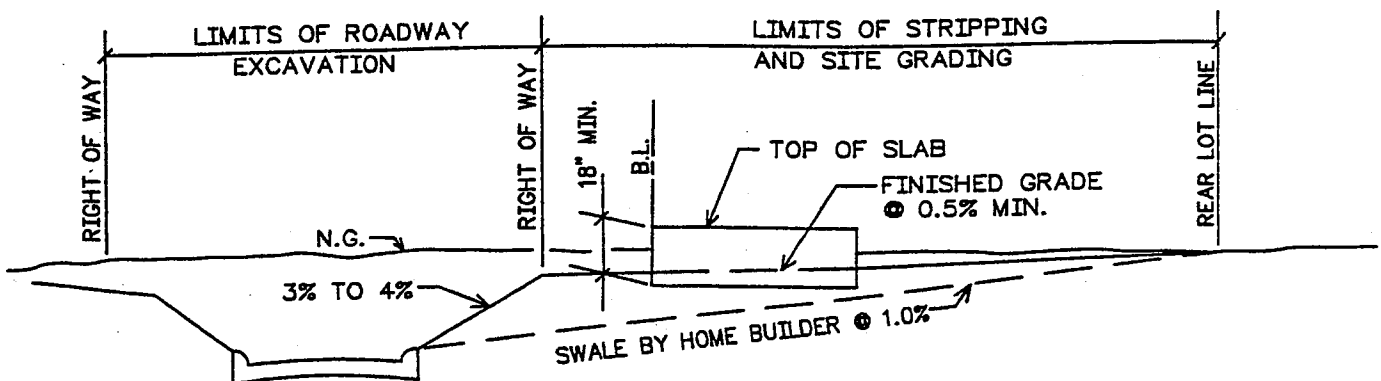


532-24-260

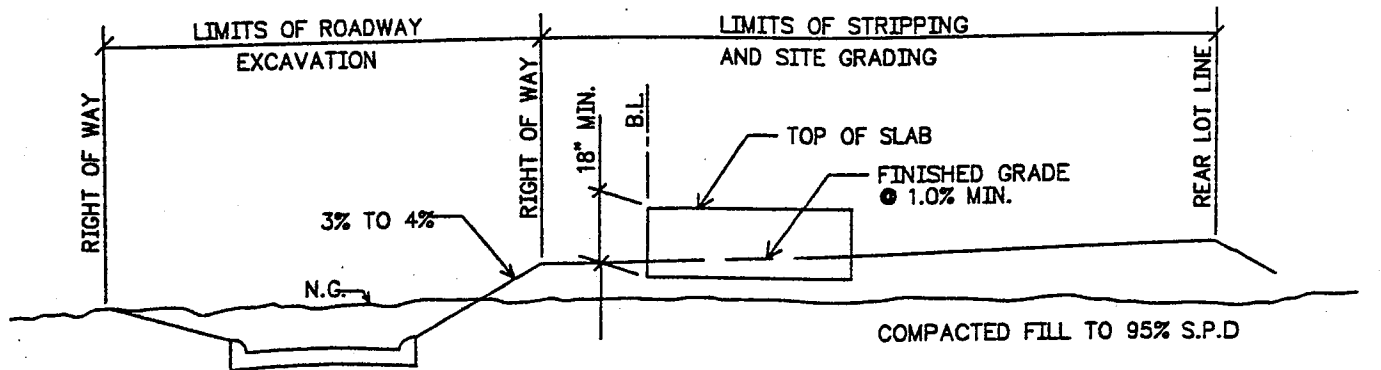
NOTE: ALL DRAINAGE TO STREET SWALES, SIDE SLOPES AND PROTECTIVE SLOPES BY HOME BUILDER

NOTE: FOR ILLUSTRATION PURPOSES ONLY. REFER TO CONSTRUCTION PLANS FOR COMPLETE DETAILS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

FHA. LOT GRADING TYPE "A"



TYPICAL GRADING ON LOTS WITH TOP CURB CUTS GREATER THAN 18"
FHA. BLOCK GRADING, TYPE "T"

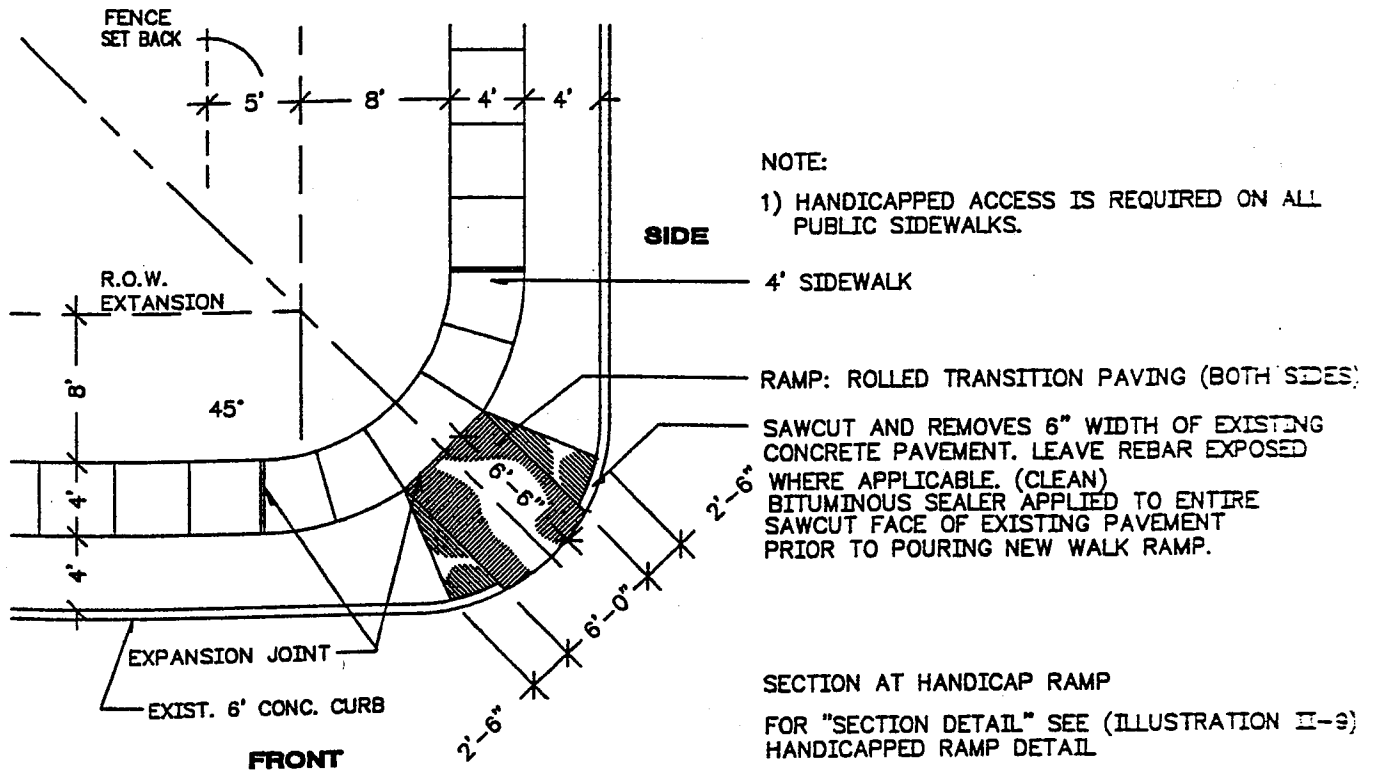
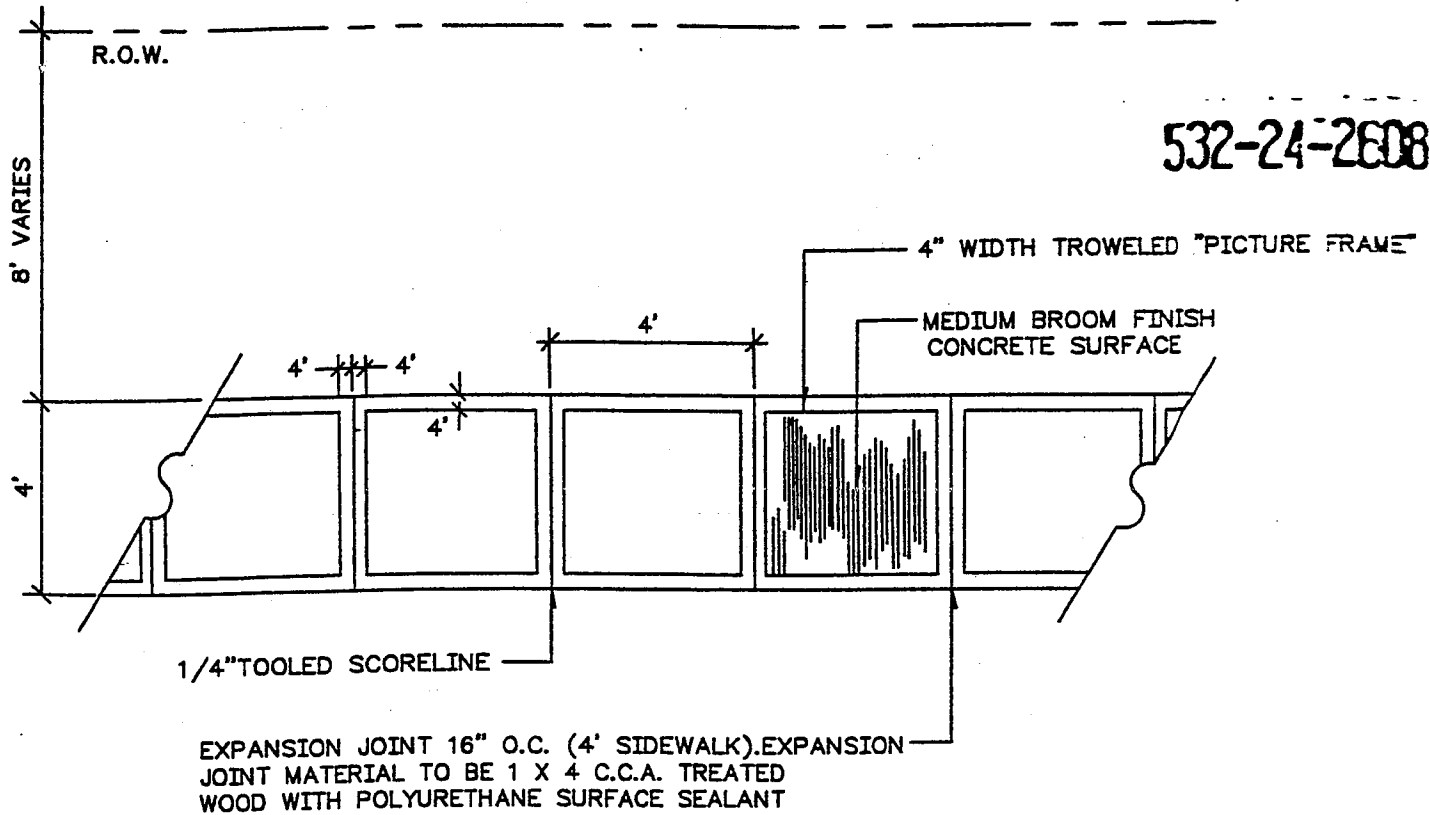


TYPICAL GRADING ON LOTS WITH TOP CURB CUTS LESS THAN 18"
FHA. BLOCK GRADING, TYPE "T"

NOTE: FOR ILLUSTRATION PURPOSES ONLY. REFER TO CONSTRUCTION PLANS FOR COMPLETE DETAILS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

LOT GRADING AND DRAINAGE

532-24-2608



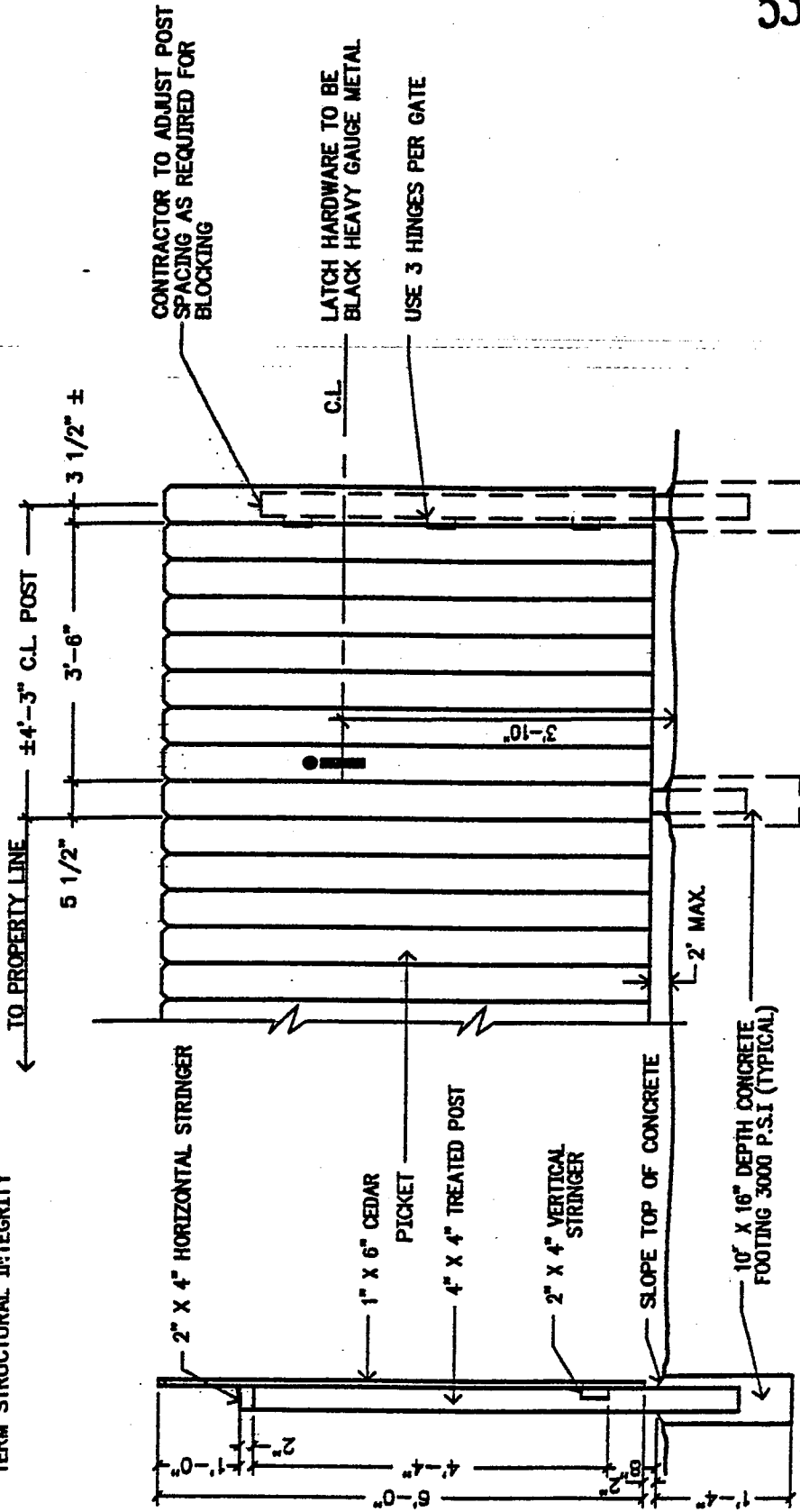
NOTE: FOR ILLUSTRATION PURPOSES ONLY. REFER TO CONSTRUCTION PLANS FOR COMPLETE DETAILS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

SIDEWALK DETAIL

ILLUSTRATION IV-2

NOTES:

- 1) VERTICAL PICKETS TO BE NO.1, 1" X 6" CEDAR NOTCHED TOP PICKETS
- 2) ALL OTHER WOOD TO BE PRESSURE TREATED PINE
- 3) PICKETS ARE TO BE ATTACHED WITH 8d ALUMINUM SCREW SHANK NAILS
- 4) ADD VERTICAL SUPPORTS, CROSSBRANCHING & METAL PLATES AS REQUIRED FOR LONG-TERM STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY



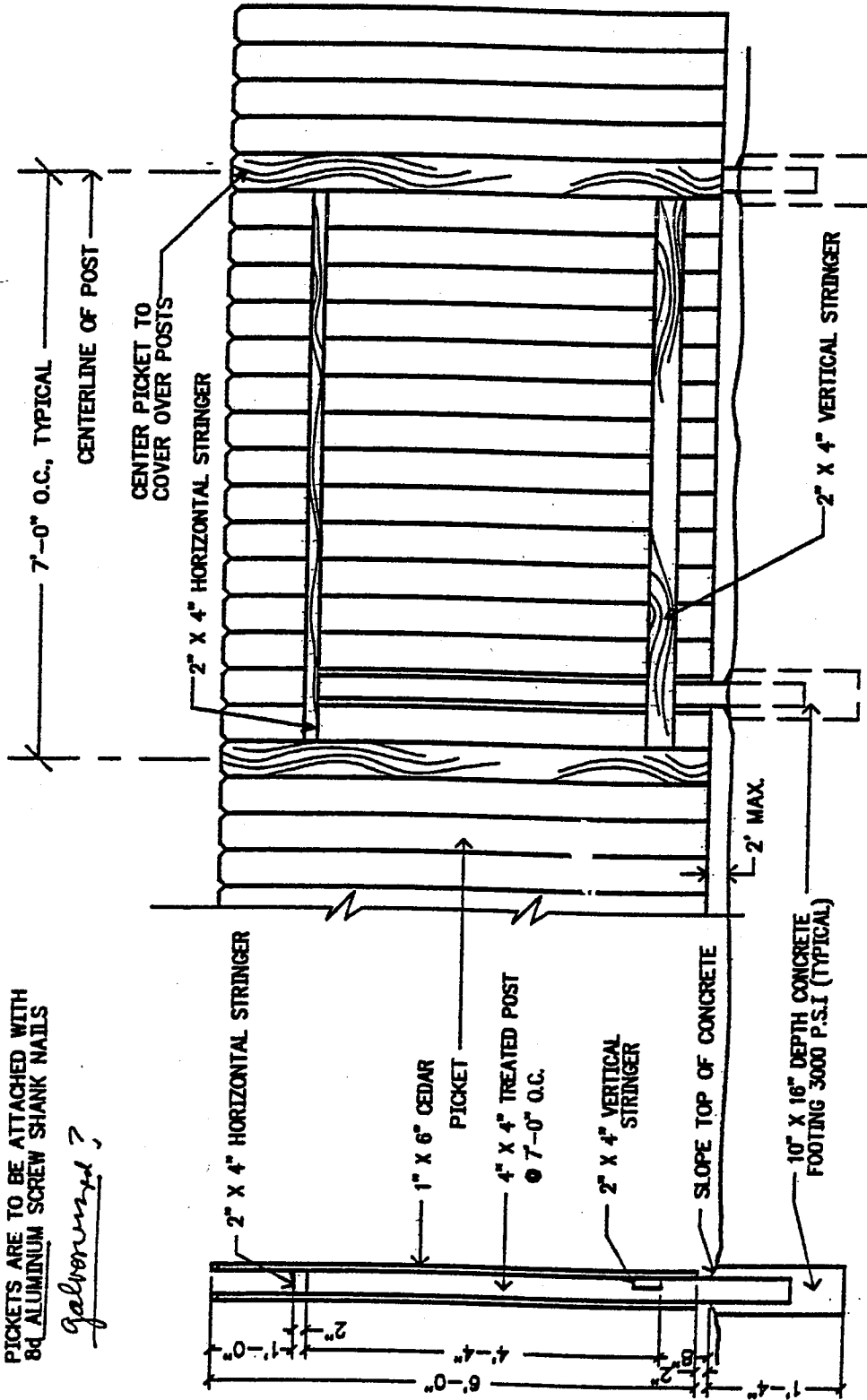
NOTE FOR ILLUSTRATION PURPOSES ONLY. REFER TO CONSTRUCTION PLANS FOR COMPLETE DETAILS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

STANDARD RESIDENTIAL HINGED GATE

NOTES:

- 1) VERTICAL PICKETS TO BE NO.1, 1" X 6" CEDAR NOTCHED TOP PICKETS
- 2) ALL OTHER WOOD TO BE PRESSURE TREATED PINE
- 3) 4" X 4" POSTS TO BE APPROXIMATELY 7'-0" O.C.
- 4) PICKETS ARE TO BE ATTACHED WITH 8d ALUMINUM SCREW SHANK NAILS

? *galvanized?*

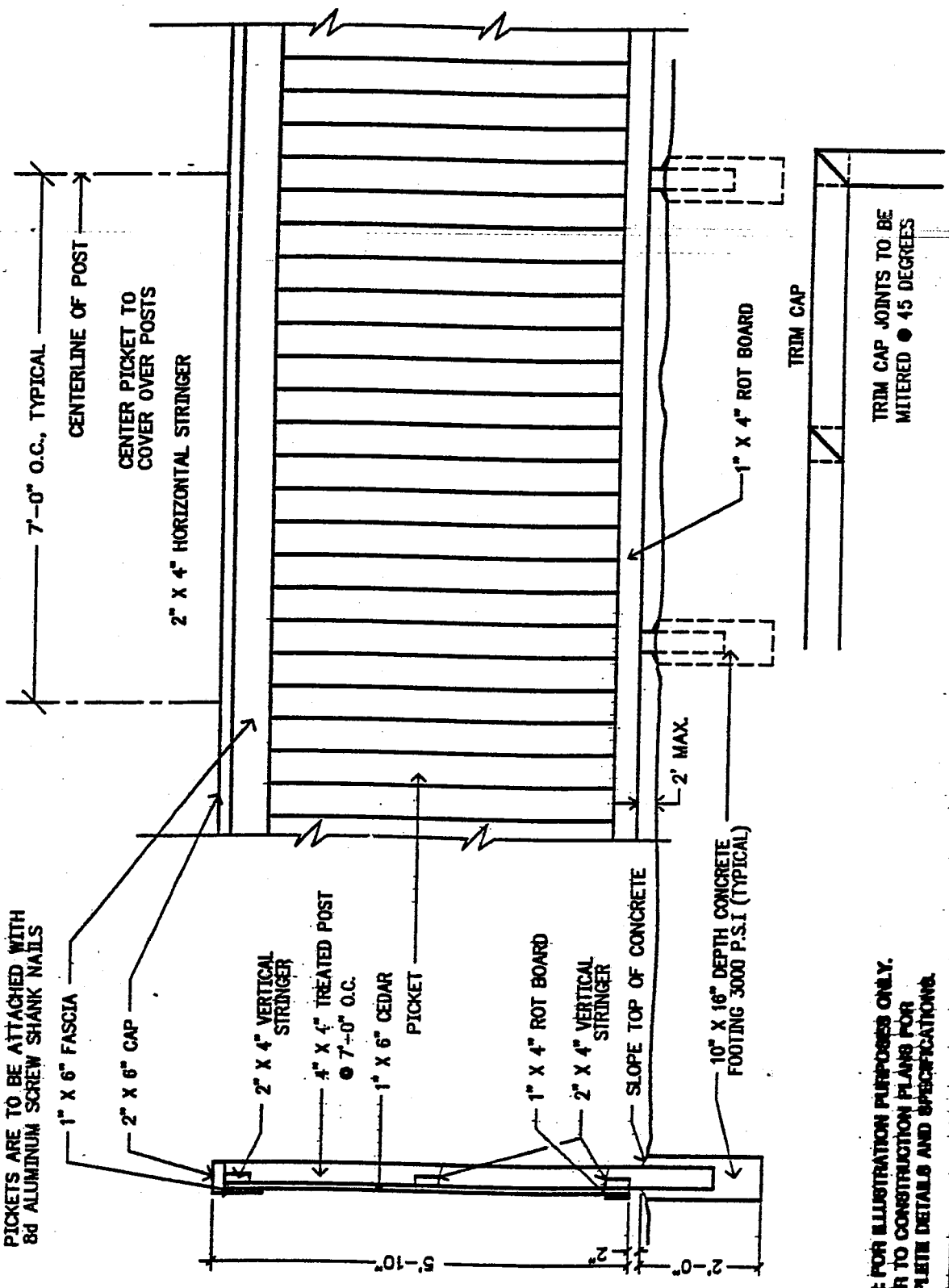


NOTE: FOR ILLUSTRATION PURPOSES ONLY. REFER TO CONSTRUCTION PLANS FOR COMPLETE DETAILS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

STANDARD RESIDENTIAL WOOD FENCE

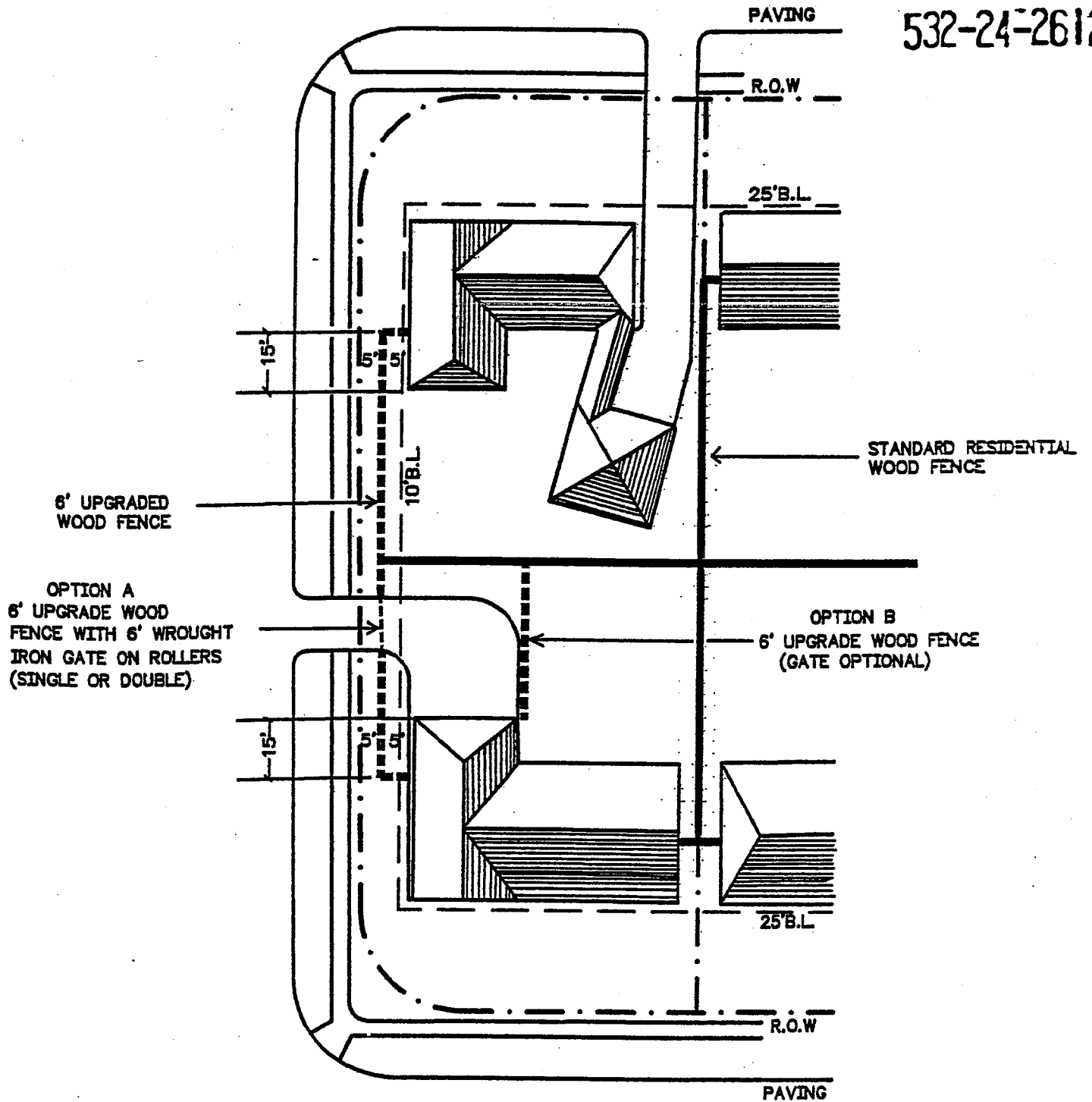
NOTES:

- 1) VERTICAL PICKETS TO BE NO.1, 1" X 6" CEDAR PICKETS
- 2) ALL OTHER WOOD TO BE PRESSURE TREATED PINE
- 3) 4" X 4" POSTS TO BE APPROXIMATELY 7'-0" O.C.
- 4) PICKETS ARE TO BE ATTACHED WITH 8d ALUMINUM SCREW SHANK NAILS



NOTE FOR ILLUSTRATION PURPOSES ONLY.
REFER TO CONSTRUCTION PLANS FOR
COMPLETE DETAILS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

6' UPGRADED WOOD FENCE



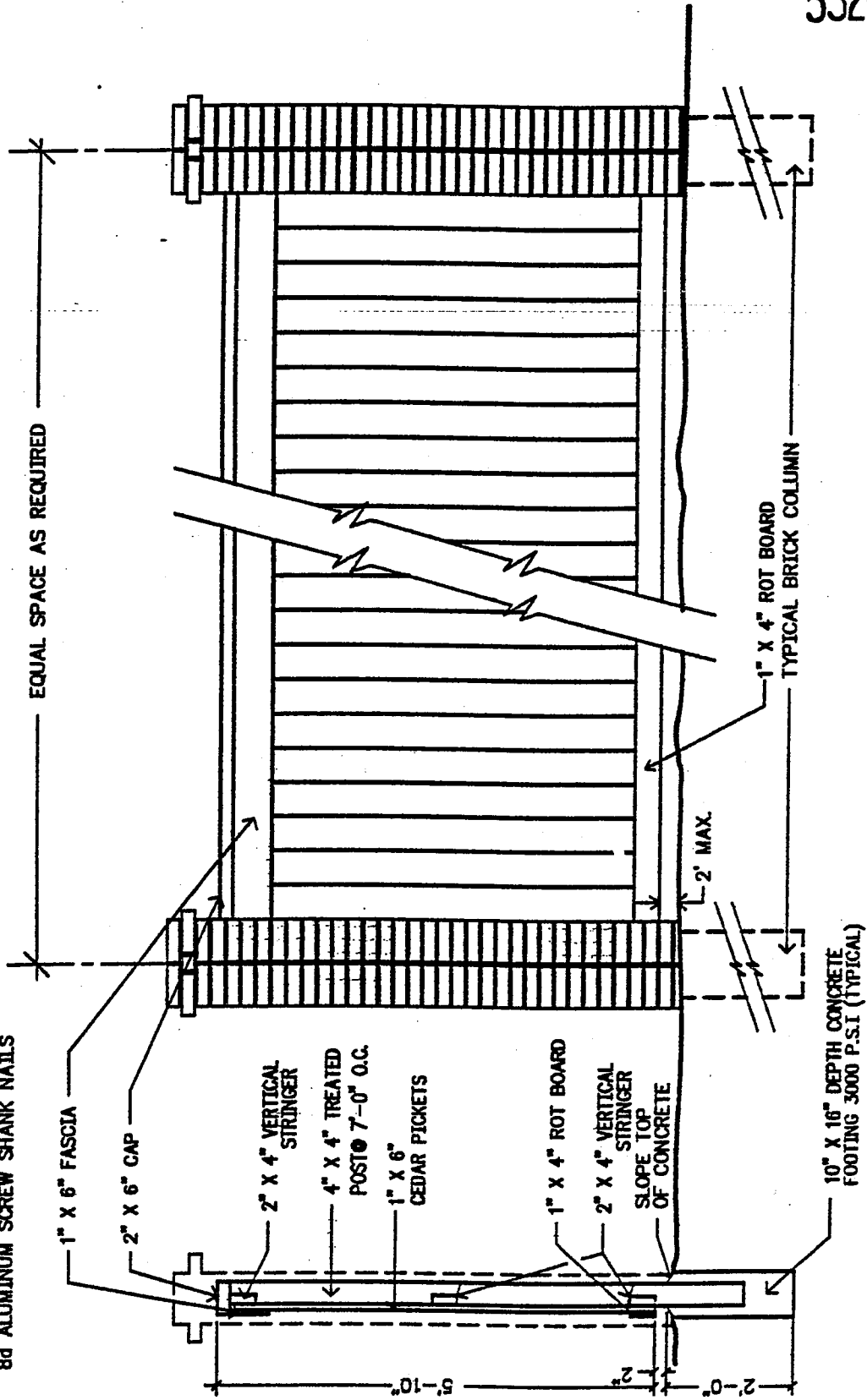
**NOTE FOR ILLUSTRATION PURPOSES ONLY.
REFER TO CONSTRUCTION PLANS FOR
COMPLETE DETAILS AND SPECIFICATIONS.**

**SIDELOT FENCING SETBACK/
CORNER LOTS**

ILLUSTRATION IV-6

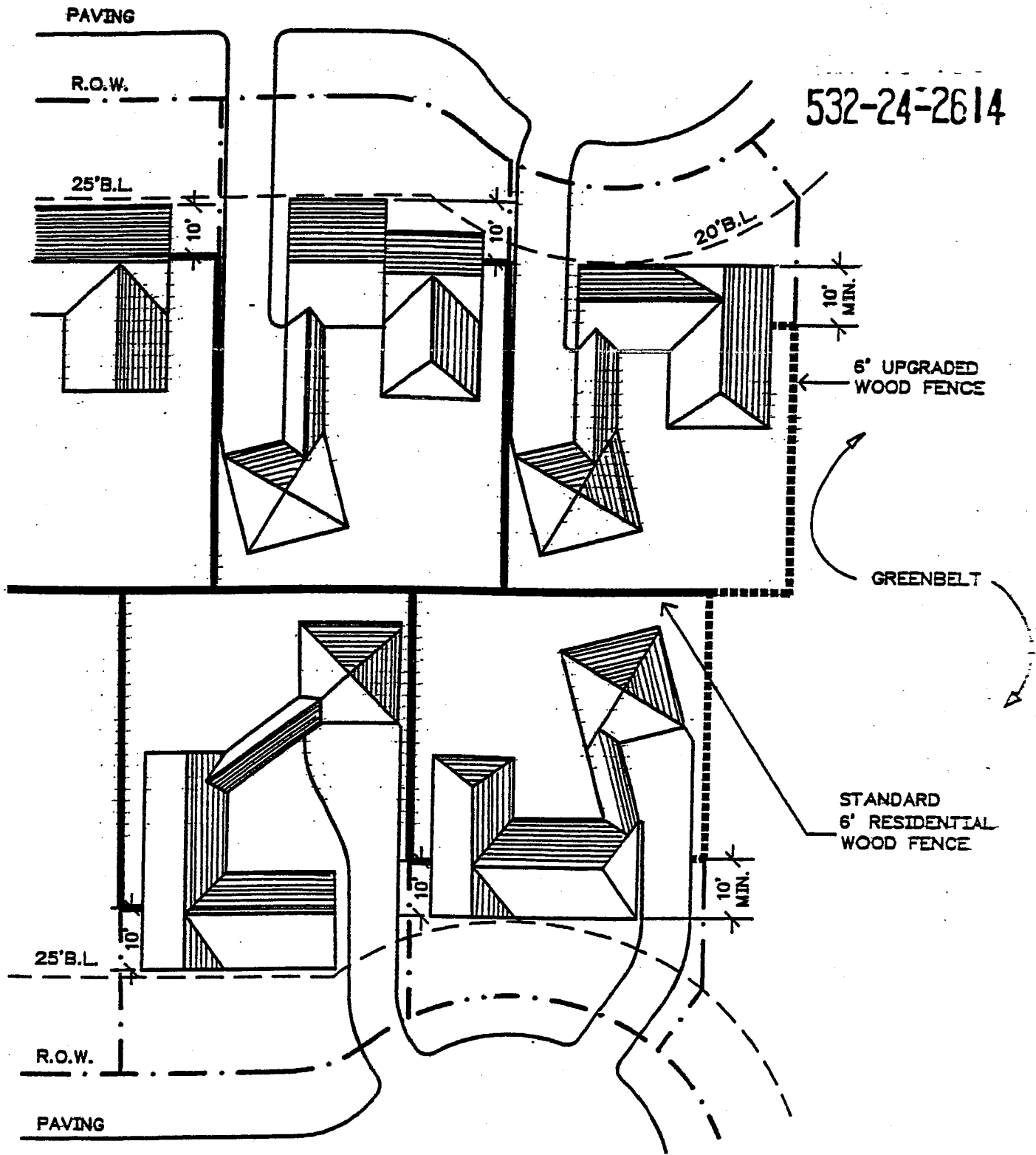
NOTES:

- 1) VERTICAL PICKETS TO BE NO.1, 1" X 6" CEDAR PICKETS
- 2) ALL OTHER WOOD TO BE PRESSURE TREATED PINE
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- 4) PICKETS ARE TO BE ATTACHED WITH 8d ALUMINUM SCREW SHANK NAILS



NOTE: FOR ILLUSTRATION PURPOSES ONLY. REFER TO CONSTRUCTION PLANS FOR COMPLETE DETAILS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

6' UPGRADED WOOD FENCE WITH BRICK COLUMNS



532-24-2614

NOTE: FOR ILLUSTRATION PURPOSES ONLY.
REFER TO CONSTRUCTION PLANS FOR
COMPLETE DETAILS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

**SIDEYARD FENCING SETBACK /
GREENBELT LOTS**

ILLUSTRATION IV-8

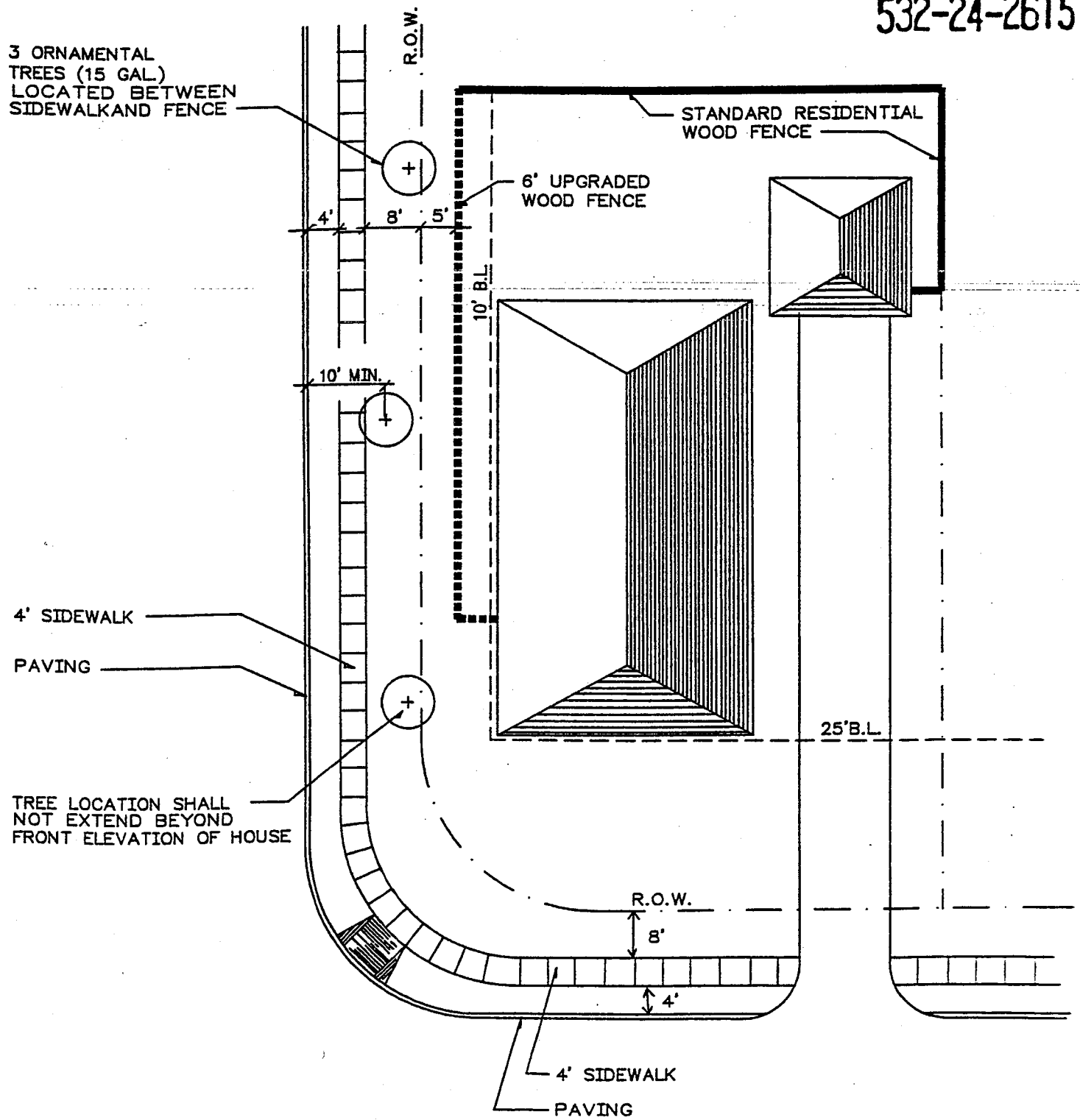
ILLUSTRATION VII-1



WINDSTONE
Colony

RECORDER'S MEMORANDUM
AT THE TIME OF RECORDATION, THIS
INSTRUMENT WAS FOUND TO BE INADEQUATE
FOR THE BEST PHOTOGRAPHIC REPRODUCTION
BECAUSE OF ILLEGIBILITY, CARBON OR
PHOTO COPY, DISCOLORED PAPER, ETC.

1



NOTE FOR ILLUSTRATION PURPOSES ONLY.
REFER TO CONSTRUCTION PLANS FOR
COMPLETE DETAILS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

CORNER LOT LANDSCAPING

HARRIS COUNTY TEXAS
COUNTY CLERK

Benjamin C. Kaufman



MAY 11 2000

ANY PROVISION HEREIN WHICH RESTRICTS THE SALE, RENTAL, OR USE OF THE DESCRIBED REAL
PROPERTY BECAUSE OF COLOR OR RACE IS VOID AND UNENFORCEABLE UNDER FEDERAL LAW
COUNTY OF HARRIS }
THE STATE OF TEXAS }
I hereby certify that this instrument was FILED in File Number
Sequence on the date and at the time stamped herein by me; and was
RECORDED in the Official Public Records of Real Property of
Harris County, Texas on

FILED

2000 MAY 11 AM 10:52

Benjamin C. Kaufman

COUNTY CLERK
HARRIS COUNTY, TEXAS

532-24-2617